

LOS ANGELES

THE MORNING NEWS

Associated Press Reports Briefed.

THE CITY—Pages 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12.

A lodging-house on stilts collapsed with serious effect—Four men injured... Identity of a suicide... The Oil Exchange organized by electing officers... A lawsuit involving commissions on real estate sales... Beginning of the Presbyterian Church lawsuit... New firemen appointed... Hollenbeck Park likely to go dry.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA—Page 11.

The Chautauqua Assembly at Long Beach... Pasadena man hurt by jumping of an electric car... Sudden death at Santa Monica... Capture of a bicycle-thief at Pomona... San Diego to readvertise for water-supply bids... San Bernardino to have a mass-meeting to consider the proposed Southern Pacific right-of-way... Mexican independence to be celebrated by a bullfight at San Bernardino.

PACIFIC COAST—Page 1, 2.

A horrible murder and suicide at Long Beach—Alonso C. Meyers kills his wife, wounds her brother-in-law, Irvin Linson, of this city, and attempts suicide... A murder at Salton growing out of a mining suit... Death of a Comstock hero... The Stockton Supervisor scandal deepens... Gov. Budd investigating a startling condition of affairs at San Quentin... A cook arrested for making his eighth attempt to burn a restaurant.

GENERAL EASTERN—Page 1, 2, 3.

Horr and Harvey go to hot and heavy... The regatta at Saratoga furnishes some good sport... Mrs. Holmes interviewed regarding the Pitzer children... A strange story of the fall of Fort Arthur... Corbett to pay his divorced wife \$100 a week... Lillian Russell thought to be seeking another divorce.

BY CABLE—Page 1, 2.

Stambouloff is dead... The latest from the British election—Increased Tory gains... Outrageous treatment of Armenian women by Turks and Kurds... A German baron and newspaper editor disappears.

AT LARGE—Page 1, 2, 3.

Dispatches were also received from San Francisco, Sacramento, St. Petersburg, London, Galveston, Ill.; New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, Washington, St. Louis, Hartford, Ct.; Detroit and other places.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL—Page 5.

Los Angeles bank clearances... Arizona bond issue... Prices of dried apples... Dun's weekly review... Weather crop bulletin... Wheat and other cereals... The fruit sales... Stock and bonds.

WEATHER FORECAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—For Southern California: Fair weather; slightly cooler; light west to north winds.

THE AGRICULTURISTS.

Papers Read on Practical Results Attained by Colleges.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

DENVER (Colo.) July 17.—The attendance at the second day's general session of the Association of Agricultural Colleges was very large. The character of the papers read dealt largely with the practical results accomplished by agricultural colleges and the discussion at times assumed a wide range.

A feature of the morning was the criticism of the compulsory manual system of instruction in vogue at the Agricultural College of Michigan by Prof. Clute of Florida. His theory was that this could be done away with and a more useful system substituted.

This aroused the Michigan delegates and they answered Prof. Clute's remarks with a vigorous defense of the system of their institution. The paper by Prof. A. C. True of the Washington Experiment Station developed considerable interest among the delegates, and his description of the method of work in use there was of great practical benefit. The resolution introduced at the convention yesterday, changing the name of the association, was laid on the table and will probably not be considered until another year.

This afternoon session was general session of the convention, but there were attended meetings of the sections on agriculture and chemistry, mechanical arts and entomology.

THE CLEVELANDS.

Grever Will Not Meet Benny on the Adirondacks Alone.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

BUZZARD'S BAY (Mass.) July 17.—President Cleveland stated to the representative of the Associated Press today that the report that he contemplated a trip to the Adirondacks Mountains shortly and would be there at the same time as ex-President Harrison was incorrect. He said: "Nothing is farther from my thought than such a trip, and I expect to remain at Gray Gables for some little time."

The President is in excellent health and spirits and is evidently enjoying his rest thoroughly. Mrs. Cleveland and the little one are doing nicely.

Damage in Indiana.

ANDERSON (Ind.) July 17.—This section was again visited by a destructive wind and rainstorm today. Trees, small buildings and large roofs suffered most. At Alexandria, twelve miles north, a new business block was blown down, and some buildings unroofed and flooded. North of here many fields of corn were leveled. The "Big Four" accommodation train arriving here at 6 o'clock had all the glass broken out of the smoking-car. Just east of Portville the wind went a big tree toward the track and the top crashed into the car. No one was seriously hurt.

Grading Contract.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—The grading contract for the Valley Railroad was signed this morning. The contractor says that they will go to work tomorrow and will push the work with all possible dispatch.

IN COLD BLOOD.

A Shocking Tragedy at Long Beach.

Alonso C. Meyers's Awful Work With a Revolver.

He Takes Deadly Revenge for Fancied Wrong.

MURDERS HIS YOUNG WIFE.

Wounds His Brother-in-law Irvin Linson.

Then Essays to Put a Bullet into Mrs. Linson.

He Fires a Second Shot into His Dead Wife's Body.

AND WINDS UP WITH HIMSELF.

The Assassin Makes a Shameful Allegation Concerning His Victim's Character—She Had Left Him After a Brutal Beating.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TIMES.)

LONG BEACH, July 17.—(Special Dispatch.) A most deplorable cold-blooded murder occurred about 5 o'clock this afternoon at this place. A young wife lies dead at the hand of her husband and he himself lies at the point of death by his own act. Alonso C. Meyers did the shooting and now lies dying, having also shot himself.

Meyers owns a ranch near Englewood. He is said to be a drinking man and has been in the habit of mistreating his young wife, a woman of about 16. A short time ago he beat her severely in a drunken fit of anger, injuring her so that she was unable to leave the house for some time. When she was able to go she went to her sister, Mrs. Irvin Linson, who lives at the east end of Thirty-third street, University, Los Angeles.

About a week ago Linson and wife, accompanied by Mabel, came to Long Beach. On Monday Lon Meyers made his appearance here. Meeting them on the street he walked to the house with them. They entered, leaving Mabel and the girl alone. He then entered the house. He left and was not seen by them again till today when he joined them again, walking home with them. Linson went into the house, the ladies remaining in the yard conversing with Meyers. He then entered the house and as he approached, drew a revolver and shot his wife, and then fired at Linson, seriously wounding him in the arm. He then shot at Mrs. Linson, who escaped by running to the rear of the house.

After firing another shot into the back of the head of Mrs. Linson, he put himself through the neck, inflicting a wound almost identical with that with which Healey and Feiler killed Elkkan in this place some time ago. The murderer was brought to the drug store of Welbourn & Wohlgenuth and placed in charge of Dr. Welbourn. Since the wound was on the neck and was removed near the collar-button by the doctor. His body is paralyzed, and although able to talk very profanely, he cannot live. The place where the shooting was done was a four-roomed cottage on the northwest corner of Elm and First streets, belonging to Dr. Campbell of San Bernardino. The dead woman lies in one of the rooms awaiting the coming of the coroner, who has been summoned.

The work was done with a 44-caliber revolver. Linson's wound is a serious one, but he is not expected to die. He was brought to the hospital and is now lying in a room on the second floor. He was shot in the neck and the wound is about four inches and passing out near the elbow. He has been subject to hemorrhages of the lungs and is now lying low with serious congestion. Dr. W. Wood was called and arrived within ten minutes after the shooting and is giving the wounded man constant attention.

A Times reporter personally interviewed the murderer, who, though lying in the shadow of death, talked freely in answer to questions, mingling much profanity with what he had to say. He claimed that a man named Frank, he did not know his last name, had come to Long Beach with his wife; that he had shot her twice to be sure that she was dead, and that he does not regret the deed. He charges Linson with being a gambler and with coming to Long Beach to conduct a gambling house. He says that he did not wish to kill Linson.

The statement of infidelity on the part of his wife by Meyers upon investigation seems to be totally without foundation. The man Frank being simply a caller and arriving with Linson. Much excitement has been caused in this peaceful summer city by the sea by this deplorable affair.

THE CORONER WENT DOWN.

News of the Long Beach tragedy created considerable excitement in Los Angeles yesterday evening. The first reports received were considerably exaggerated. Coroner Campbell was notified by telephone early in the evening, but too late to catch the last train for the beach. He, therefore, secured a buggy and drove down. Meyers, the murderer, it is alleged, was formerly a hack-driver in this city. Irvin Linson, who was wounded in the arm, is well known here, and although reputed to be a professional gambler, has many friends and is considered with a good-hearted, gentlemanly sort of a fellow.

THE TARKUEL.

Horrr Accuses Harvey of Anachronisms.

Ancient History Threshed Over to Make a Point.

The Latter Retorts That the Other is Trying to Mix Up the Subject.

That Crime of Twenty-two Years Ago and Senator John Sherman Are Brought Forth—Mr. Gunn Goes On to the Point.

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CHICAGO, July 17.—The Harvey-Horr meeting today developed into a general engagement, representatives of Philadelphia, Kansas City, Cleveland, and elsewhere pitching into the scrimmage after the two principals had hacked each other up to the limit. The outsiders who ventured into the fight included O. B. Gunn, E. B. Starr, and E. F. Bliss.

The hostilities of the day began by Horrr remarking in a pointed manner that Harvey "read an essay here yesterday upon the condition of the world during the fifteenth century, especially as to the discovery of America in 1492. He read that statement without its having been called out at all by me, as Mr. Horrr had attacked that part of his book. But he made such an elaborate effort to show the condition of things in the world from 1492 to 1892 that I have taken a little pains to find out if I could whether there is any truth in the representation that he makes, and I find that history leaves him in as bad a condition in this regard as it does in regard to the bulk of the statements in 'Colin's Financial School'."

Continuing, Horrr quoted Prof. Thorold, Rogers, Hallam, Leber, Malthus, Hyndman and others to show that the world in the fifteenth century was not as bad as that of the feudal aristocracy, with its tyranny was crumbling to a fall. Horrr said:

"Mr. Harvey and his free-trade friends identify prosperity and the progress of man with the lot of the feudal nobility of Europe, and not with that of the toilers. Rogers, as well as Hallam, speaks of the gradual elevation of the people themselves as opposed to the small number of rich and noble. Later I shall show that in the present, as of the past, Mr. Horrr stands as the exponent of the rich, and not of the toilers, whose welfare should be the concern of the legislature of the State."

Harvey replied:

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"Now I am not going to argue with Mr. Horrr that the monetary commission did not know what they were talking about. He shall not get me at any point of the debate. I will follow him in the regular argument and logical arrangement of the debate. That man who could put together words that would convince an uneducated man, but that he was better off today by far than he was in 1872, and who can convince a farmer that he is getting higher prices now and the wheat is better off than it was in 1872, and who are not studying history that prices rose during the dark ages at the very time when they were falling, and who were faring well at the very time when they were working as the serfs of the lords of Europe. Dr. Adams Smith, an able and honest man, with Mr. Horrr's hands yesterday, confirms all that there is in that monetary commission. Page 117 gives you the table of the rise of prices from the traditions everything that Mr. Horrr has said here."

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Here what Judge Vincent decided: It is undoubtedly true that the milled dollar, as it was then current, was the starting-point and the basis of the unit of value in the monetary system ascertained by dividing the number of grains in the silver dollar by fifteen. But this does not alter the fact that the units were expressed in gold and silver. On the contrary, it seems to show that both were made units of value. The word unit was employed as the equivalent of dollar, and the dollar was to consist of either one or two different things, one-tenth part of 24½ grains of gold or 37½ grains of silver, just as equal values may be embodied in giving weights of any two given commodities, such as wheat or corn. A unit of value is the unit in which the values are expressed. The values both of gold and silver are expressed in the act of 1792, so we have two units of value. If both had not been so expressed we could not have bimetalism.

MURDER AT SALTON.

RIVERSIDE, July 17.—(Special Dispatch.)

Word was received in this city by Sheriff Johnson yesterday evening from Salton, this county, announcing that E. H. Hendesch was shot and killed at about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, by J. Gardner, one making that he and the Coroner came out to the scene. The dispatch also contained the information that Gardner, after doing the shooting, had taken to the brush and had not yet been apprehended. The telegram was signed, Joseph Brown.

The telegram came at too late an hour to allow of the officers going out to train in night, and the start for Salton was delayed until this morning, when Acting Coroner Mills, Assistant District Attorney Corcoran, Deputy Sheriff Dickson, W. H. Hendesch, brother of murdered man, and S. T. Pelton, stenographer, started on the motor for Salton, which place they will reach about the middle of the afternoon.

The mining suit, mentioned in The Times yesterday as having been decided by Judge Noyes, in which J. S. Crawford, E. H. Hendesch, et al., were defendants, and one Adams plaintiff, is supposed to be the immediate cause of the murder. In the course of the trial of the case, it was developed that Adams had discovered the mine in dispute, the Grants, but failed to locate the same, and that afterward, Crawford, Hendesch, Bowles and others located the mine and had spent much time and money in developing the same. The mine was reported to be rich, and Adams, seeing what he had lost, sought to gain possession by this suit, and Gardner took an active interest in trying to help Adams win the case, possibly for a consideration. Since the mine was located, Gardner has been much about the mine, and made inspections as to its value, and at last he got into a wordy altercation with one F. L. Lohrer, engaged at the mine, in which W. F. Hendesch, a brother of the murdered man, interfered just in time to prevent Gardner at that time drawing his revolver and shooting Lohrer.

Judge Noyes's decision yesterday was in favor of the defendants, and the word was immediately telegraphed by Attorney L. Gill of this city, who was one of the attorneys for the defense, Crawford, Hendesch et al., and the telegram had just about time to reach the mine when the shooting occurred. The mine is located about six miles from Salton. The Enterprise was in error this morning in saying that Wilfred M. Peck was engaged in the case, and was telegraphed the decision of the judge. Mr. Gill was the local attorney in the case, and he details upon which the cause was won. J. S. Callen of San Diego and J. M. Lucas of Los Angeles were associates in the case with Mr. Gill.

The description of the murderer is given as follows: J. Gardner, a man about 5 ft. 10 in. tall, and weighing from 175 to 180 pounds; heavy set, with large full face, prominent nose, small gray eyes, and a complexion of a light tan. He is very much power-muscular, and bears what appears to be a gunshot wound under one eye. Age from 35 to 40. He is a native of California, and of disposition. He is supposed to have made his flight on a mule or horse. The mining camp where the murder was committed is at Dos Palms Springs.

STAMBOULOFF DEAD.

THE ASSASSINATION CAUSES ALARM AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Serious Events in Bulgaria Are Expected—Prince Ferdinand Replies to the Strictures on the Government.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SOFIA, July 17.—(By Atlantic Cable.) 5 p.m.—The condition of ex-Premier Stambouloff is worse. Symptoms of cerebral affection have developed. His right eye is so inflamed that he cannot see, but he has lost the sight of it. The doctors give no hope of recovery, nevertheless the government organs announce that he will be restored to health in a few weeks. A reward of 10,000 has been offered for the discovery of his assassins.

SOFIA, July 17.—(By Atlantic Cable.) It is doubtful whether ex-Premier Stambouloff will survive until tomorrow. Hope has been abandoned of his recovery.

The Frankfurter Zeitung publishes an interview with its representative had with Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria at Carlsbad. The Prince repudiated the charge that he or the Bulgarian government were aware of the intended attack upon Mr. Stambouloff or that they had planned the plot. Since the resignation of the government he said that he had urged Mr. Stambouloff to go abroad and he had refused. The government then watched him and warned him not to visit certain places and not to go without an armed escort.

HE IS DEAD.

LONDON, July 18.—Mr. Stambouloff is dead.

MAKES WORK FOR THE TURK.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17.—The attempted assassination of ex-Premier Stambouloff at Sofia, Bulgaria, caused a great sensation here, and serious events in Bulgaria are looked forward to. In fact, it is predicted that the whole Eastern question will be reopened.

The Turks are actively constructing earthworks at Mustapha Pasha, in Roumania, and a mountain battery has been dispatched to the Uskub district. Troops have been sent from Salonica to suppress a reported insurrection near Strumitsa.

A RUSSIAN VIEW.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 17.—The Novoe Vremya, referring to the attempt to assassinate ex-Premier Stambouloff of Bulgaria, expresses the opinion that the government of Prince Ferdinand might have saved the life of Mr. Stambouloff by bringing him to trial. In any case, the Novoe Vremya adds, it was a barbarous deed and revolts not only the friends, but the foes of the ex-Premier.

An Electrical Convention.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The third semi-annual convention of the Northwestern Electrical Association opened here today with a large attendance. The membership of the association is limited to the Northwestern states, and represents many millions of dollars invested in electrical plants.

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Harvey. Yesterday at the close after I had quoted as that he was making the unit the utterances of Secretary Gallatin, a decision by Chief Justice Chase of the Supreme Court of the United States and other numerous authorities, including Roswell G. Horr of New York, Mr. Horrr then admitted that the silver dollar was the unit of value, and the record he was making shows that. Now I note his attempts to try to twist something back into the discussion by which we are to believe him as saying once yesterday and something else today. I leave him to such fate as the readers of this debate think proper. (Applause.)

In his constant attempt to try to discuss bimetalism the relation of silver and gold, and before we get to that which is in the second chapter of the "School" he is trying to mix the subject up. When we get there we will see that neither Mr. Horrr nor Judge Vincent knows what bimetalism is, and many things that he is propounding will then be cleared, and Mr. Horrr will be even a babe. (Applause.)

We agreed to take up the subject of the demonetization of the act of 1873, in today's debate, and having waited for him to begin, and he not beginning, I now will start. (Applause.)

Horrr. I beg pardon, you misquote me. I stated last night that I had not got through with the unit of value; that I had some other things to submit in the next chapter of the "School" to take up any other subject at any particular session, only that we would take them in the order of the debate, and let them run until we had finished them.

Harvey. And in that order the crime of 1873, as we call it, came next after the discussion of the unit of value.

Horrr. I am not through with that yet.

Harvey. Well, I am, and I will go on. (Laughter.) Harvey then discussed at length the act of 1873, and followed on the same subject.

Harvey. Mr. Horrr says that I have not taken the time to read the act in London to demonetize silver in the United States. When I was a boy I went into a courthouse one day to hear a criminal case, and I heard a lawyer say: "When a crime is committed, you want to detect the criminal, look for the man that is benefited by the crime." (Applause.) Reading the act, I find that it more invariably benefits the criminal than any human testimony.

Silver was demonetized in England and in England on the 1st of January, 1873, it was demonetized in this country. There was where the movement started, that is another evidence.

London bankers incited the Paris conference in 1871, at which John Sherman was present, therefore, I have the right to say that the conspiracy originated in London. As Mr. Horrr says, the science of money is hard to understand. Ever since the money-lenders of the world have taught the people of the world to understand. (Applause.) That it is one of the difficult things, as Mr. Horrr told the millions of people, the heads of the world, to understand it, it gives me a headache to try to understand it. And you are not competent to study it or understand it, and as long as they make you believe that they have you in their power.

In 1873, when this treacherous act was passed, there was no specie currency in this country. During all the years from 1792 to 1873, the money was in use, and being tested for its merits, no one proposed to demonetize either of the metals except some money-lenders from Europe. As of the past, Mr. Horrr stands as the exponent of the rich, and not of the toilers, whose welfare should be the concern of the legislature of the State."

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Two Men and a Small Girl Killed at Chicago.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

CHICAGO, July 17.—William Pierce was instantly killed and Louis Anderson and Ruth Hart, the latter 6 years old, were seriously injured in a peculiar manner tonight at Evanston. Tuesday night a storm dissipated nearly all of the electric-light poles in Evanston, and the wires fell everywhere. Yesterday most of them were replaced, but one which had fallen across an iron fence was overlooked, and the wires from a living wire at the point where this wire was left, and while Anderson was going into the yard Pierce sat down on the fence to rest, and the instant he touched the fence he fell across it dead. Anderson went to his assistance, and in attempting to lift the body from the fence formed a circuit with himself, and was rendered unconscious.

The Hart girl saw the two men lying on the sidewalk and went to look at them. She touched the wire with her hand and was soon lying on the sidewalk with Pierce and Anderson. It is thought Anderson and the Hart child will recover, although they are in a very serious condition.

We Let Her Hear Harriet.

BERLIN, July 17.—According to the newspapers of this city Baron von Hammerstein, the former editor of the Kreuz Zeitung, left this city on July 1

A HERO IN HIS DAY.

DEATH OF ARTHUR VAN DUSEN AT VIRGINIA CITY.

He Figured as a Fearless Man in a Thrilling Rescue on the Comstock Lode.

Seven Miners Saved from Awful Death Where Three Would-be Rescuers Had Failed.

A Confession in the Stockton Superior Trial—Two Smugglers Ask a Reward—An Explosion—Ellis Frost's Stomach.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TIMES.) VIRGINIA (Neb.) July 17.—(Special Dispatch) Arthur Van Dusen, the hero of the Alta mine disaster in 1882, died at St. Mary's Hospital today of miner's consumption, after a prolonged illness. On May 31, 1882, seven men were entombed alive in a drift on the 2100-foot level of the Alta through the bursting of a bulkhead, which flooded the lower levels of the mine with hot water.

The place where they were working was 1400 feet from the shaft and the only hope of rescuing them alive was to force compressed air from the surface into the drift and keep the pumps and balling-banks running at their highest speed to hold the water in check. The end of the drift where the imprisoned men were located was fourteen feet above the 2150-foot level and the water rose to a height of two feet above the level.

On the second day it was lowered sufficiently to admit of sending in a boat prepared for the purpose, and Denis Callahan and William Bennett lost their lives in an attempt to reach the imprisoned men by that means. Their bodies were afterward found with the flesh partly cooked. Two other men attempted to reach them on the following day, but, finding the airpipe broken, returned to the surface nearly exhausted. At midnight on June 2 Van Dusen, equipped with helmet and with ice, succeeded in reaching the imprisoned men by wading through water showing a temperature of 112 deg., and found them alive, nearly famished with hunger and suffering with thirst. They were soon afterward rescued from their living tomb, where they had been over eight hours, by men from every mine on the Comstock, led by the fearless Van Dusen.

The news of the rescue caused great excitement and was announced by the ringing of bells, blowing of steam whistles and firing of guns. Van Dusen refused to accept any reward for his heroic deed and continued working in the Alta mine until his head was struck about a year ago. During his illness Superintendent Boyles and the latter's brother were unremitting in their attention to him. The deceased was of a modest bearing and always refused to talk of his share in the rescue.

CINCHING BROWN.

Dr. C. H. Bulson Informs Against the Supervisor.

STOCKTON, July 17.—Supervisor James Brown was on trial today on a charge of accepting a bribe to influence his vote in the acceptance of Architect Rushforth's plans for the new county hospital. Rushforth was induced to give up \$1000 of his commissions, amounting to \$2400, to get his plans adopted and the money was divided between Dr. C. H. Bulson, the then County Physician, and the Supervisor. The trial was continued today, and Dr. Bulson testified that he had not voted for Rushforth's plans and favored another plan. The majority of the board had adopted Rushforth's plans. Then, to make the selection unanimous, he voted with the four others.

The session of the case was when Dr. Bulson took the stand for the people and told of his connection with the money matter. He was indicted jointly with Ward, and on motion of District Attorney Nutter, the indictment as to Bulson was dismissed. He then told of going to Rushforth and telling him he could have his plans adopted if he would agree the next day to the proposition. When he got his first payment from the county he paid Bulson \$500 and Bulson gave him \$500 of the money. Bulson says that he kept \$150 for himself. The second payment of \$500 was collected by Bulson and he paid all but \$100 of it to Ward, taking the Supervisor's receipt for \$135 for C. W. Ward. The receipt was read in evidence. It says that the \$135.35 was for Ward. Bulson said Ward was not a party to the proposition to approach Rushforth.

Ward was brought out of the County Jail, where he is awaiting his appeal from a judgment of the Superior Court, and sentenced to ten years. He hesitated about testifying until assured that what he might say would not be used against another trial. He then testified that Bulson made the proposition to go to the architect. Bulson finally got the money and paid Ward \$350, which he divided with Brown. The second payment of \$135 to Ward was made after Brown had written him in San Francisco that he had money for him. Ward was then told that he would divide the money with him and that he would divide the money with him. Ward was then told that he would divide the money with him.

For the defense four Supervisors swore that Brown made the proposition to go to the architect. Bulson finally got the money and paid Ward \$350, which he divided with Brown. The second payment of \$135 to Ward was made after Brown had written him in San Francisco that he had money for him. Ward was then told that he would divide the money with him and that he would divide the money with him.

CAME WITH A SMASH.

One Man Killed and Nine Others Injured by an Explosion.

TULARE, July 17.—A threatening storm cloud exploded this morning, instantly killing a man named Mitchell, and fatally wounding Engineer S. Corbush and seriously wounding eight others. Corbush was fearfully wounded and was taken to the hospital. Four of the wounded were brought to this city. The others were too badly hurt to be removed.

The explosion occurred at 9 o'clock in the morning at a place where a machine engine, exploded this morning, instantly killing a man named Mitchell, and fatally wounding Engineer S. Corbush and seriously wounding eight others.

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into the firebox. R. E. Reno, who was standing near, was thrown to the ground and in time to see Corbush's body falling. Reno ran to Corbush, who cried, "Help me up," gasped and died immediately.

Charles Rowley, 23 years of age, though not a member of the crew, was standing in the rear of the engine, looking on. He received the full force of the explosion and, being hit by flying fragments, was instantly killed. Walter Carlton, a most seriously injured of any of the wounded, and it is miraculous that he lives at all, considering that he was standing directly in front of the firebox, which, with the main part of the boiler, was blown fully three hundred yards. His case is almost hopeless, his body being burned nearly all over and his head badly cut.

Henry Nofsinger is another whose recovery is doubtful. He is badly scalded over most of the body, and has been lying in convulsions. John E. Roberts, lying under the water-tank a few feet away, was the only one who escaped with arms, back and legs are sprained, and he received a blow in the stomach from which it is feared he was injured internally. Al Roberts, a brother, was painfully hurt, not dangerously, but he was scalded on the face, neck and chest. He also has a hole in one leg, where a hot piece of iron entered and stuck between the bones. Henry Raymond, a young son of H. D. Raymond of the city, was badly scalded on the face, chest and neck. William Braden was scalded and had several teeth knocked out. Frank Mitchell, who had just joined the crew last night, was badly scalded about the head, breast and limbs.

Within a few minutes after the accident messengers were hastening to Tulare and Pipton in quest of medical assistance, and a four-horse wagon with four men was sent on the road to Tulare, making the trip of about ten miles in forty minutes in a large farm wagon. It was a terrible ride for the men who followed through the hot sun, but they stood it bravely. The engine was brought in tonight. It is said that the boiler was condemned two years ago, but was repaired for this season's run, and that the steam engine was defective, registering only to 120 pounds, thus making it impossible to tell how high the pressure might be beyond that point.

Many theories as to the cause of the explosion are advanced. Henry Evans, the regular fireman, quit this morning, and Walter Carlton was working as his capacity as a reliever, though he was not experienced in that line, and he was last seen stuffing straw into the fire when the gauge stood at 120, and the engine was not running. Four horses that were near were knocked down, but were not injured beyond a shaking-up. The engine was entirely demolished and scattered over the surrounding fields.

COWBOY JOHNSON'S SLAYER.

After Many Delays the Second Trial of Chart Begins.

PRESCOTT (Ariz.) July 17.—On October 29, 1893, George Johnson, a cowboy, was shot in the back on the outskirts of Prescott by a man with a double-barreled shotgun, both barrels being emptied into his back. He died instantly. John Chart, then a well-to-do stockman, for whom Johnson had formerly worked, was arrested and sentenced to life imprisonment. The trial was continued today, and the jury returned a verdict of guilty. The case was then adjourned until next week.

On the first trial the jury disagreed and later he was tried again, convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment. The trial was continued today, and the jury returned a verdict of guilty. The case was then adjourned until next week.

AN ENLARGED GAIL.

Smugglers Blum and Jackling Demand Pay as Informers.

PORTLAND (Or.) July 17.—The notorious Nat Blum and W. B. Jackling, not guilty of the charge made by United States District Attorney Foote that imports are undervalued by the Federal inspectors, were taken into custody today by Washington inspectors. They were not only being undervalued, but they were also smuggling goods. The case was then adjourned until next week.

Petitioners Jackling and Blum claim that their services were largely instrumental in securing judgment in favor of the government. They were \$2000 as remuneration, half of the proceeds of the sale of the Haytian Republic. The United States District Attorney expressed the opinion that the smugglers had already received all they were entitled to in exemption from prosecution.

SACRAMENTO'S DEBT.

Sentiment Appears to be Veering Against a Refunding.

SACRAMENTO, July 17.—The Board of City Trustees met this afternoon for the purpose of taking action with regard to refunding the city's debt, amounting to \$400,000. Trustees Devine, Kent and Wachoster, who several weeks ago were earnest advocates of refunding, announced that after having interviewed a large number of taxpayers, they had come to the conclusion that it would be better not to refund, and that the city should pay its debt out of its own resources.

Mayor Steinman said he was convinced that in July, 1895, the city would be completely out of debt, and it was better to wait three years than to pay interest for forty years on bonds which do not carry any interest. He said also that the bondholders, if the refunding proposition was defeated, would offer the bonds to the commissioners at from 85 to 95 cents on the dollar. The matter will be further considered next Friday.

HIS EIGHTEENTH ATTEMPT.

Cook Bittner Caught Trying to Burn the Eureka Restaurant.

SACRAMENTO, July 17.—This afternoon Police Officer Maley and Chief Ensign George E. Bittner, who was caught setting fire to the Eureka restaurant on J street, between Fourth and Fifth. Since July 3 the place has been fired seventeen times. Insurance agents had cancelled policies on the premises, and business men in the neighborhood had become greatly alarmed.

Guthrie and Maley were rewarded this afternoon by catching Bittner in the act of applying matches to inflammable material. Bittner is about 25 years of age, and was employed as a cook in the restaurant. Maley is of the opinion that Bittner was trying to scare the owner of the restaurant, Mrs. Lindsey, in order that he might purchase it at a low figure.

THE SHARON ESTATE.

A Distribution of the Property is to be Made.

SACRAMENTO, July 17.—After an existence of ten years the Sharon estate trust will soon be dissolved and the property distributed, except so far as it is deemed advisable to hold some portions intact, the heirs sharing in the income from those portions.

Under the will of the late William Sharon, who died on November 8, 1885, a trust was created to last ten years, at the expiration of which the heirs, Frederick Sharon, Lady Heeketh, and the two children of Frank Newlands, were to divide the property. In less than four months the term of the trust will expire and many preparations are being made for the distribution of a valuable property, has been made.

At one time the Sharon estate owned one-quarter of the stock of the Bank of California, amounting to 7500 shares out of a total of 30,000. For three years this stock has been sold in small lots until rather less than 2000 shares remain. Now the trust has been made.

Shares, has been sold in a block to a local syndicate of capitalists at the market rate of \$20 a share, involving a transaction of about \$500,000 in round figures.

A GIGANTIC SCANDAL.

Gov. Budd Investigating Affairs at San Quentin.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—The Chronicle will print an article tomorrow morning setting forth the effect the Gov. Budd is investigating what promises to be a gigantic scandal concerning the management of the State Prison at San Quentin. There is said to be ground for believing that men high in authority in the prison have been selling a portion of the product of the jail-mill for their own profit. An instance pointing toward this conclusion is said to be the fact that J. W. Vanderbilt, the shipping clerk, has been in the habit of keeping two books containing the bills of lading, an official record and a record for his own information.

When questioned by the Governor with regard to the existence of the second book it is said that Vanderbilt at first denied that he kept more than one record of the bills of lading, but later admitted that he did. It is also said that the jail-mills are not turning out more than 1000 barrels of lumber a week, while the official record shows that they are turning out 2000 barrels a week. This assertion is met by the prison officials with the statement that the mill is running only half the number of hours that they formerly did. The Chronicle says the investigation has not been completed, but it is enough to indicate that at fault even if the charges are true.

That Broderick Postoffice.

SACRAMENTO, July 17.—The post office at Broderick, Cal., the first from Sacramento, will be a thing of the past on July 31 of this year, and the people of the town of Washington will have to walk to the post office at Sacramento for their mail. The doom of the Broderick postoffice has been sealed by the United States Postal Department, which has been inquiring into the necessity for an office there and the expense. It will be good-bye to the post office at Broderick, which was merely the postoffice name. The town was called Borok some time ago, but now it will go back to Washington.

Army Worms and Hoppers.

HEALDSBURG, July 17.—George Nally, who lives three miles below this city on the Russian River, says that army worms are doing a vast amount of damage to the crops here. He says that the worms are eating the leaves of the crops, and that the hoppers are eating the crops. He says that the worms are doing a vast amount of damage to the crops here.

Undervaluation Frauds.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Surveyor of the Port English has appointed an agent to investigate the customs house to see if there is any undervaluation of goods. He says that the customs house is undervaluing goods, and that the surveyor is investigating the matter.

An Inglorious Attempt.

PRESCOTT (Ariz.) July 17.—Fred White made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide today. He came here about six months ago, and was left here by his wife and six children. He was suffering from rheumatism and was unable to work. He has been dependent on the bounty of the government for some time, and he was trying to commit suicide today.

Ellis Frost's Stomach.

SAN JOSE, July 17.—Inquiry commenced today by the Coroner to determine whether Ellis Frost's death was caused by poisoning, his son Erwin having intimated that the widow was guilty of that crime. Three witnesses were examined, but no criminal evidence was adduced, the testimony showing that Frost was taken ill on Thursday soon after eating a plate of ice cream, and that death was due probably to natural causes. The inquest was adjourned until the 19th inst., when it is expected that the coroner will report as to what was found in the stomach.

To Testify Against Durrant.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Maud Lamont, the sister of the unfortunate victim of the brutal Emanuel Charles murderer, has returned here from Montana to testify for the prosecution in the forthcoming trial of Theodore Durrant. The police believe that she will prove a valuable witness. She was her sister's most constant companion during the leisure hours of the murdered girl and also knew Durrant.

Passed a Bad Check.

SANTA ROSA, July 17.—M. Monroe, a San Francisco piano-tuner, was arrested and charged with forgery. He passed a check for \$100 on the Santa Rosa Bank. Monroe claims that the check was not a forgery, but the maker cannot be found.

A Grocery Burned.

SACRAMENTO, July 17.—The grocery of R. A. Olmstead & Co. burned this morning. The firm has made an assignment for the benefit of the creditors. The liabilities are \$3000.

Counterfeiting in San Quentin.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—A local paper says that counterfeit coin is being made in large quantities in the State Prison at San Quentin by convicts serving terms for counterfeiting, aided by confederates outside the prison.

Stolen Jewelry.

SAN JOSE, July 17.—It was discovered today that jewelry valued at \$2000 was stolen from Judge Spencer's residence last evening. Jim, the Chinese cook, and Chin Sing are believed to be the parties who robbed and fired the house. Both are in jail.

The Sacramento Canaries.

SACRAMENTO, July 17.—Four hundred white women and girls are employed in the fruit canneries in this city, making from \$1.10 to \$1.75 per day. No Chinese or Japanese will be employed.

Sacramento Burglars.

SACRAMENTO, July 17.—Policeman Rutherford arrested Charles Paul Nobbel and Thomas Welch tonight, whom he caught in the act of burglarizing a residence at Twentieth and H streets.

Cut with a Hatchet.

PORT BRAGG, July 17.—William Whitmore was seriously cut with a hatchet by D. Bromley, a relative, today at a place four miles south of here. Whitmore recovered and Bromley has been arrested. The cause of the attack is not known.

He Wined the Indians.

HEALDSBURG, July 17.—Harry Hanford, the fellow who came to town and got the officers to go hunt Brady, is in trouble himself, having been arrested for furnishing wine to Indians last night. He is believed to be insane.

THE DIVORCE MILL.

MRS. CORBETT'S SUIT IS ABOUT CONCLUDED.

The Pugnacious Will Pay Her One Hundred Dollars a Week for Life—He is Now at Asbury Park—'Ally, Fairy Lillian' Again.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TIMES.) NEW YORK, July 17.—(Special Dispatch.) Because Corbett, the pugilist and actor, frequently wandered from his own fireside to pay attentions to other women, his wife, who was Miss Ollie Lake of San Francisco before she married him, is suing for a divorce. There was a hearing of the case on Monday before Judge Jacobs. Today Miss Marie King told of seeing Corbett and a certain Vera enter the state-room of a sleeping car at midnight. The couple did not emerge until morning. The hearing was continued today.

The good-looking blonde plaintiff was on hand early, and seemed to enjoy the proceedings. She was accompanied by her friend, Marie King, who has been her principal witness. When Miss King told of the loving conduct of the fighter to Vera Stanwood, which was such as to impel Abe Hummel to remark of the couple that they "were very much mixed," Mrs. Corbett laughed as easily as any one. Miss King was the only witness of the day.

She had heard Corbett introduce Vera Stanwood as his wife in one city, while Corbett, "Gentleman Jack" company played, in his dressing-room. The witness could not state definitely in what city this had occurred.

"Did you ever see Corbett act lovingly to the woman?" asked Hummel.

"Yes, when we were on the train on the way to Zanesville, O. Corbett and she sat together. Her head was reclining on his shoulder, and he was holding her arms around her and his head was on her shoulder. 'Did I get that mixed?'"

Miss King asked anxiously.

"Not much," Lawyer Hummel said reassuringly, "but they were very much mixed, evidently. It was a very loving attitude, was it?"

"Yes, it was," said Miss King, as one who knows.

"Did you ever see her registered as Mrs. Corbett?"

"Yes," at Canton, O. The members of the company went to their rooms on arriving at the hotel. Afterward I went to the Corbett and saw Mr. and Mrs. James J. Corbett and the register. I am not familiar with Corbett's writing, but I cannot say that he put it there, but all along she was known as Mrs. Corbett."

Lawyer Hummel then said as there were matters in the articles of separation signed by Corbett and wife which he did not care to have made public, he would not offer any statement in evidence. He said that it was agreed that Corbett should pay his wife \$100 a week for life, and he hoped the defense would take issue with that statement in flagging the amount of permanent alimony, but sides being willing to have it remain at that figure.

MISS RUSSELL'S FIFTH.

NEW YORK, July 17.—(Special Dispatch.) There is talk that Lillian Russell may soon obtain a divorce and marry the actor, George H. Brown. It is certain that she has devoted a mirror whose attentions do not seem to be disagreeable. Any one living at Manhattan Beach realizes the fact who sees Walter Jones, the actor, getting up at 6 o'clock every morning to make a run for Great Neck, the summer home of the fair singer. There was a time when Jones's exertions as the tramp in "1432" used to tire him so much that he found it utterly impossible to rise before noon. Time and Miss Russell, however, have changed all that. As for Great Neck, it includes the luxury of midnight trains, it is impossible for Jones to return to Great Neck after the performance at Manhattan Beach, but he always arrives in time for breakfast. In fact, this Russell-Jones affair is a very curious one. Miss Russell is anxious to have Jones in "The Tigrone" next season, and both of them are making noble efforts to break the contract with Manager Rice. Rice, of course, will not listen to such a thing, and Miss Russell's manager has said to be adverse to their star earning any more notoriety.

In spite of the vigorous denials of both sides it begins to look as if another divorce suit and marriage were in order. For a year and a half now George H. Brown has been a member of Miss Russell's company. Last summer when the fair Lillian went to England, Jones had engaged his passage on the same steamer, but by exercise of a little diplomacy, Manager Rice persuaded him to stay here. Jones is 23 years old, and Miss Russell is not.

Land Boundaries in Spanish California.

(July Overland.) The indefiniteness of boundaries was an intense aggravation to the Spaniards, who used to the exactness of English land laws. One native when questioned as to his domain, answered, "That mountain at the east is the timbered country which you see in the distance is my north-west corner, the other corners of my land are rather indistinctly marked at present, but I shall have the map applied to me also, as soon as the alcalde is at leisure."

Three eminent German artists celebrated their birthday today in this city—Schrader, Mengel and Schenck (the father of Max Alvary).

city, making from \$1.10 to \$1.75 per day. No Chinese or Japanese will be employed.

THEY MEAN BUSINESS.

Trouble is Imminent on the Omaha Reservation.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) OMAHA (Neb.) July 17.—Tonight it looks as if serious trouble is imminent on the Omaha and Winnebago Indian reservation. Hon. W. E. Peebles and G. S. Harris, a committee appointed by the evicted farmers, are in Omaha tonight purchasing Winchester rifles and ammunition to arm one hundred men to resist Capt. Beck and his armed Indian police. Peebles tonight said: "We are in Omaha for the purpose of buying one hundred Winchester rifles and ten thousand cartridges."

Tuesday Judge Norris of Ponca issued an injunction restraining Indian Agent Beck from ejecting the settlers from the Winnebago reservation. Beck has disregarded the injunction and has been and is now putting the settlers off the lands which they have leased from the Indians.

"We are not warlike people in Thurston county, but we propose to see that the law is obeyed. After the injunction was issued and served on Beck, instead of calling off his police, he continued his evicting action and handcuffed and found men like convicts. The women and children his Indian police put into wagons and hauled to the boundary line of the reservation where they were dumped into a heap. Their personal belongings have been left without protection to be destroyed by the herds of cattle that may range through them."

"Today a paper was prepared and circulated among the business men and by the citizens of the town. When we left between fifty and sixty signatures had been secured, each man pledging himself to the following: 'We the undersigned citizens and residents of Thurston county, agree to support the sheriff of the said county in executing the order of the State courts.'"

"Each subscriber has agreed to supply himself with a Winchester rifle and one hundred cartridges, all to be placed at the disposal of the sheriff of Thurston county. As soon as enough subscribers had attached their names to the agreement to convince the people that they were in earnest, Harris and myself were appointed a committee to come to Omaha and buy the rifles and cartridges. We will return tomorrow and arrest the Indians."

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"We are not warlike people in Thurston county, but we propose to see that the law is obeyed. After the injunction was issued and served on Beck, instead of calling off his police, he continued his evicting action and handcuffed and found men like convicts. The women and children his Indian police put into wagons and hauled to the boundary line of the reservation where they were dumped into a heap. Their personal belongings have been left without protection to be destroyed by the herds of cattle that may range through them."

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CIRCULATION. Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

Table with 2 columns: Day, Circulation. Rows for Sunday through Saturday, showing circulation figures and totals.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation...

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY. One cent a word for each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES

BUSINESS WITH THE... MRS. GRAY, REMOVED FROM 325 SOUTH SPRING ST. TO 341 S. SPRING...

WANTED

Wanted - To Purchase. WANTED - WE HAVE A CUSTOMER FOR A 6-room cottage... WANTED - TO RENT BY PERMANENT LOS ANGELES...

WANTED

Wanted - To Purchase. WANTED - WE ARE IN NEED OF MORE... WANTED - WE HAVE A CUSTOMER FOR A 6-room cottage...

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WANTED - By First-Class Dressmaker. WANTED - Dressmaking by the Day. WANTED - Dressmaking by the Day...

WANTED

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FOR SALE - City Lots and Lands. FOR SALE - 50x150 ft. lot at 14th St. and Broadway...

FOR SALE

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FOR SALE - Something Elegant. 6-ROOM HOUSE. BON TON NEIGHBORHOOD.

FOR SALE

For Sale - Something Elegant. 6-ROOM HOUSE. BON TON NEIGHBORHOOD. For Sale - Something Elegant...

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FOR EXCHANGE - 100x150 ft. lot at 14th St. and Broadway. FOR EXCHANGE - 100x150 ft. lot at 14th St. and Broadway...

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BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES - Miscellaneous. TO SELL YOUR BUSINESS OR RENT YOUR HOUSE...

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TO LET - HOTEL, JARVIS, ADJOINING. TO LET - HOTEL, JARVIS, ADJOINING...

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[RAILROAD RECORD.]
FOUNDING SUCCESSORS

TOWNE'S SUCCESSOR

**HURRY ABOUT APPOINTING
A GENERAL MANAGER.**

ability That the Southern Pacific Will Find a Way to
Save One Salary.

Grounds for Desiring a Separate Receiver for the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad.

Associated Press dispatch from San Francisco says that it is not expected that the Southern Pacific will name a successor to the late A. N. Towne, second vice-president and general manager, who will be selected for several months. It is possible that the directors will decide to make no new appointment. It may not be probable that the company will save Towne's salary of \$25,000 a year.

combing the duties he performed with those of some other office, thereby saving \$10,000 annually. Mr. Huntington, the nephew of C. C. Huntington, and his assistant as president, is now in the East, but still has a residence in San Francisco upon learning of Towne's death. His election as second vice president is considered probable. Towne's former Pacific directors will meet tomorrow, but will transact no business other than to adopt resolutions of condolence for Towne's demise. If a new general manager is appointed, the choice probably lies between W. G. Curran, present assistant general manager,

CHICAGO, July 17.—The bill filed in the office of the clerk of the United States Court in Albuquerque, N. M., under the first mortgage of the Atlantic and Pacific, asking for foreclosure and sale of the property, and upon no interest having been paid on the first mortgage since the record was made in 1894, is understood by the

people from the filing of the petition for reorganization. The Reorganization Committee represents the interests of mortgage bondholders, and the court's orders applying to it apply to all mortgage bondholders. It is not a receiver. It is under the control of the Atlantic and Pacific Reorganization Committee. The committee does not desire to brook that their interests can be bet- tered after by a separate receivership. It is at the same time maintaining existing traffic relations. Should such a receivership be made, it is not certain what protection will be taken by the Atlantic and Pacific Reorganization Committee, but they will presumably take very seriously to such a change.

made in the management of that is commonly called the Atchafalaya and Pacific Railroad extends from Albuquerque, in New Mexico, through Arizona, to Molave, Cal., a distance of 1,000 miles. The road owned by the Atchafalaya and Pacific, however, extends from the Rio Grande, thirteen miles to Albuquerque, to the Colorado river, which is the eastern boundary of California, a distance of 565 miles. The road was built in the interest of Atchafalaya and St. Louis and San Francisco road for the purpose of connecting those roads transcontinental lines, and it has heretofore been h

As a part of the Atchison system, the present receivers of the Atlantic and Pacific are Aldace F. Walker, J. Cook and J. C. Wilson, who are receivers of the Atchison and St. Louis San Francisco companies. Their partnership was established in 1904, bought by the Mercantile Trust Company, trustee for the second mortgage bonds secured by the mortgage, as well as the great part of the common stock of the Atlantic and Pacific, are assets of the Atchison and St. Louis San Francisco receiverships. The United Trust Company, trustee for the first mortgage, has been made a party to the suit in which the receivers

pointed. The latter mortgage secured \$18,000,000 of bonds, which are all lien on the 575 miles of road at present, together with the valuable content of the company.

The situation is complicated by the fact that the Atlantic Pacific Company, from the crossing Colorado River at Needles, westward, where it connects with the Southern California, and to the mouth of the Colorado, with the Southern California, is owned by the Atlantic Pacific, but is operated under a contract of purchase and lease from the Southern Pacific, made when the line was constructed.

GETTING TOGETHER.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Chairman C. H. Hill of the Western Lines Passenger Association has issued a call for a meeting of the Transmissouri lines to be held in this city July 25. The meeting will be held for the purpose of clearing up, as far as possible, the obstacles which have heretofore prevented the establishment of a passenger agreement between the river lines.

The presidents' agreement for the maintenance of east-bound rates in Chicago, which was practically nullified by J. P. Morgan, is already being bary at the knees. Chicago

rate-cutting are made on all the roads, most of them are founded on the fact that tomorrow is the day set for the payment of the roads' agreement to become open to full force, but contracts have been made within the last few days to involve tonnage which cannot be moved before the end of the month. It will go hard with the road which tomorrow commits the sin of defaulting on it, so it is understood, Mr. C. H. Anderson has announced. But it is a fact that two or more roads of Chicago will take their chances.

ELECTRIC RAILROAD PETITION

A petition, numerous signed, and

presented to the City Council today, that body to refuse a franchise to representatives of the Pasadena and the Electric Railway for a line along street and Mission road and that it be given to Mr. Laguna. It will build an opposition line that is acceptable to property-owners along the proposed route to South Pasadena, Chamba, and Pasadena. It is reported that if the franchise is given to Mr. Clark or his colleague it will be only as an independent entrance to the city for the Pasadena line which is now in operation, and the rival road will be constructed.

SCRAP HEAP.
G. Fred Herr, formerly passenger for the Union Pacific in this city who went to San Francisco to visit the company there, has been returned back to this city and on August will resume his position here as senior agent in charge of Southern Oregon territory. J. H. Pearman remains in the office as his assistant. Herr has many friends hereabouts and will be glad to hear of his return to the city.

A circular announces that the Northern Pacific road has adopted a rate of one hundred from Oregon points to

pickled and canned horse meat
road lots. The horse-meat indu
attaining considerable importan
e Northwest.

The Times-Mirror Company.

The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly.

H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSEBY, Vice-President.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER, Secretary.
ALBERT MC FARLAND, Treasurer.

Office: Times Building.
N. E. corner of First and Broadway. Telephone numbers: Editorial 674; Business Office 30.

The Los Angeles Times

Founded December 4, 1881.

VOLUME XXIX. FOURTEENTH YEAR.
FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 30,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES
BY MAIL, \$5 a year; by carrier, \$5 a month. SUNDAY TIMES, \$5 a year. WEEKLY, \$1.30

Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation, Past Year, 13,746 Copies
Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.
BURBANK—THE SUNNY SOUTH.

TO CORRESPONDENTS—Do not depend upon the return of rejected manuscripts, but retain copies if you wish to preserve your contributions. Articles should be typewritten and MSS. sent flat. Practice brevity and write plainly.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

City subscribers to The Times visiting the country on seaside resorts during the summer can have the daily mailed to them, for a week or longer, by ordering and prepaying for the same at the publication office, or they can have it delivered in any of the seaside towns by ordering from the local agent, and paying in advance.

WOMAN'S PHILANTHROPY.

The "new woman," when she is practical, and does not devote herself to rainbow-chasing, to the pursuit of impractical and impossible ideals, is often an altogether admirable creature, infusing new energy and life into society and effecting a good deal which, under the old regime, such as obtained fifty years ago, it would have been impossible for her to accomplish.

Who ever heard in those far-away times of club life for women? Such association was then unknown and undreamed of. But the woman's club, where practical life work is considered, is an element that enters into the life of today and is one of the features of its advancement.

Woman is benevolently inclined, and, as a philanthropic reformer, can reduce her theories to very exact practice. She knows the wants and the needs of her sex better than men do, and is better able to help women to help themselves than men are.

The world is to be congratulated that woman is sufficiently emancipated from ancient customs and ideas to take upon her own shoulders great movements which depend solely upon the co-operation and support of her sex for their success. Woman, as an independent entity, is becoming a power for good when entering philanthropic fields, and carrying out her grand schemes for benevolence. We give her credit where credit is due, and working in a womanly way she may move the lever of the universe.

We are pleased, in this connection, to notice the action of the Chicago Woman's Club, which has taken a wise step in practical philanthropy by uniting itself with sixteen other clubs, and renting and fitting up a building in the heart of that great Western metropolis, as a model lodging-house and workshop combined. They have formulated the wise plan of establishing a sewing-shop and laundry in connection with the lodging-house, and intend to make both self-supporting.

There is no encouragement in this movement to idleness. Those who would find a home in this house must work, and, willing to work, they can secure the necessary comforts of life. They never so poor and homeless. The honest, self-respecting poor woman would turn cheerfully to such a haven for the assistance she needed, and in our great cities there is a wide field for woman's effort in this direction. There is a significant suggestion in this movement of Chicago's noble women to the great company of women's clubs throughout the country. Let them act upon it and combine together for practical benevolent purposes, and to help carry on the work of relieving the destitution of their poorer sisters by furnishing the means whereby they may be enabled to help themselves.

THE LATE A. N. TOWNE.

In the death of A. N. Towne, general manager of the Southern Pacific Railway system, a man remarkable in many respects has passed away; a man of strong character, of acknowledged ability, of well-defined and earnest purposes, of intense loyalty in his friendships, which were many, and enduring; a man of unswerving fidelity to the trusts reposed in him; of large executive power and of superb firmness in the discharge of duty as he saw it; a man possessing qualities akin to greatness, in whatever light his character and life-work are considered, and consequently a man of achievements.

It is not the purpose here to give a biographical sketch of Mr. Towne's life. It is the purpose, rather, to draw attention to certain phases of his character which are of more than passing interest, as indicating what may be accomplished by a man of resolute will, backed by perseverance, hard work and a determination to succeed. The lesson of the life just closed is a lesson well worth pondering. It is an admirable illustration of success won by deserving it.

In any walk of life Mr. Towne would have left the impress of his strong personality upon those with whom he came in contact. He had those quali-

ties of mind and heart which command attention and respect whether their possessor occupies a public or a private station. His inherent force of character would have made itself felt, whatever might have been his environment.

It is often said that opportunities "present themselves" by which men achieve fame or fortune. More often it will be found that the successful man has made his own opportunities to a large extent. Mr. Towne, in the truest sense of a much-abused term, was a "self-made man." He was the architect of his own destiny. He worked patiently and definitely and enduringly, under adverse conditions, until his work was crowned with abundant success.

Mr. Towne began the work of his life without the advantages of even a primitive education. Even the rudiments of knowledge were to him as a sealed book. But this fact did not dishearten him. He resolutely set himself to the task of acquiring an education such as should fit him for the serious business of life. He studied early and late, utilizing for the purpose all the time he could spare from other duties. Gradually his intellectual horizon broadened. The acquisition of knowledge stimulated the thirst for more, and led to further study, until Mr. Towne had acquired, chiefly through his own untiring efforts, an excellent education—excellent in that it was thoroughly practical and readily available for the needs of his occupation. But he did not cease study so soon as the necessity for it was past. He continued his studies, probably, up to the time of his death; for the way of knowledge is long, and he who once acquires the divine thirst for it is not easily satisfied.

Mr. Towne was a man of quick perceptions and of keen intuitions. He seemed to know men instinctively, and to read their characters by intuition rather than by logical processes. He could seemingly see all sides of a question at once, as in a luminous flash of comprehension. He never forgot a face nor a name. His memory of facts was equally retentive, and this faculty aided him greatly in the discharge of his many and onerous responsibilities, in the positions of trust which he occupied so successfully.

While Mr. Towne was a strict disciplinarian, he commanded in a marked degree the respect and loyal devotion of his subordinates, from the lowest positions upward. The reason is obvious to those who best knew and understood his character. He had a high conception of right and wrong and was ready at all times to see that justice was done in cases arising under his administration. The knowledge that fair-dealing was one of the principles of his life endeared him, not alone to his subordinates, but to all with whom he had relations. He was often severe in dealing with wrong-doers, but was judiciously careful in weighing circumstances and sifting evidence before proceeding to final action. As a consequence, no man had more or truer friends among the employees of the Southern Pacific railroad than had General Manager Towne.

To the vast interests entrusted to his control, Mr. Towne was consistently loyal under all circumstances. He had unbounded faith in the future of the State, and especially in the future of Southern California. In his sudden taking-off his employees, co-workers and associates have lost a warm friend and a strong champion. His death will be sincerely and widely mourned, for the name of his friends is Legion, and the memory of his sterling worth will be forever green.

Improving business conditions in the United States will be likely to bring a rising of the tide of immigration, which has fortunately been at quite a low ebb during the past two years. The Republican Congress which meets next December could perform no act which would more fully merit and receive the approval of the American people than to take up the immigration question and deal with it wisely, but firmly. The flood-gates have long been open too wide. The time to swing them closer together is at hand.

The amounts of grain harvested in Russia during the past year are given by the Russian Messenger of Finance as follows: Wheat, 255,650,719 bushels; rye, 712,794,133 bushels; oats, 500,107,063 bushels; and barley, 174,581,100 bushels. After deducting the quantities of grain required for home consumption, there remains for export, wheat, 133,050,479 bushels, and rye, 62,062,918 bushels. The data for oats and barley are wanting.

"A Stable Monetary Standard" is the title of issue No. 15 of the Reform Club's "Sound Currency" series. Henry Farquhar is the author. The pamphlet includes not only a careful inquiry into the essentials of a stable standard and the balance of advantage and disadvantage of varying standards, but brings to bear upon the im-

mediate subject a wealth of reliable statistics. From these, and from the chart which accompanies them, it is apparent that the so-called "appreciation of gold," when measured either in wages or in a composite of wages and prices, vanishes into thin air; and that the actual result of the conditions of the last twenty years has been a marked appreciation of wages in this and other gold-standard countries.

The ten-day's debate begun at Chicago between ex-Congressman R. G. Horr and W. H. Harvey, author of "Coin's Financial School," promises to be a lively one. It will not settle the currency question, but it will bring out some of the salient points on both sides, and will thus, perhaps, lead to a better understanding of the issues involved. With a better understanding of the question, the cause of fatism and repudiation will surely lose ground. The debate is hardly necessary, for the fat-silver craze is as good as killed already. But it will do no harm to make the assurance doubly sure.

Among the "rights" which the new woman will acquire by virtue of her emancipation will be the right to be hanged or electrocuted or sent to prison just like a common male malefactor. Hitherto, while nominally enjoying this inalienable right, women have too often escaped adequate punishment because of their sex. But "the old order changeth, giving place unto the new."

That divorce syndicate which proposes to operate in Oklahoma will undoubtedly do a rushing business. The preparations are on a wholesale scale, and the Oklahoma laws appear to have been framed especially with a view to facilitating the business. Dakota and Chicago will have to look to their laurels.

Approximate estimates of the wheat crop of the world indicate that there will be a considerable surplus of production for the current year, and the prospects can hardly be regarded as favorable for further advances of price. It is doubtful if recent advances will long be maintained.

The "pressure of public opinion" appears to be growing pretty strong at Kansas City. Threats have been made that unless the City Council passes certain measures some of the Councilmen will be hanged.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

BURBANK THEATRE—"The Sunny South" has struck a popular chord at this house, and is drawing well. The management has instituted a children's school, which is a very commendable play as may be seen by reference elsewhere in The Times. Next week "The Strangers of Paris."

ORPHEUM—Of all the wonderful performances which the Orpheum none have created more of a furor than the Scotch collier Scotie. Scotie is "way up" in arithmetic, and by means of cards bearing numbers she adds and subtracts with a cleverness that is astonishing. The rest of the bill is highly entertaining. Dan Sherman's "Rube" is a comedy which is being played with a great success as a laugh-producer, and affords the members of the company excellent material for the exploitation of their funny specialties. One of the most amusing features of the programme is the shadowgraph pantomime, which is a new and novel form of entertainment. The same programme is to be presented at the Saturday and Sunday matinees. A complete change is made in the cast of the play, when Gilbert and Goldie, the De Forests, Tillie Morrissey, Bloxson and Burns, and the Millar brothers "Diorama" will be seen for the first time. A sale of seats for the week is now open.

A DELAYED BURIAL.

A Suicide's Remains Present the Appearance of Life.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) HARTFORD (Ct.) July 17.—A doubt at the last moment that the young girl who was buried yesterday was actually dead led to the postponement of a burial service at Torrington. It was the most unusual and thrilling grave episode that has ever happened in this State and caused great excitement.

Miss Maria Eichner, the daughter of William Eichner of Newfield, two miles from Torrington, committed suicide by taking a dose of "rough on rats." The cause of the suicide is said to have been a cruel rumor. Her father received a letter from a man who charged Miss Eichner with having committed suicide. She indignantly denied the report, but the story so preyed on her mind that she determined to end her life.

When the cash was opened for a final view of the remains just before lowering into the grave, several friends noticed that Miss Eichner's countenance was flushed, as if she were alive. There was a good deal of color in the face and the hands felt warm. The more they thought about it the more the young lady's friends became convinced that if she were buried alive, the rumors which she had pronounced the young woman dead and, after watching the remains all night for signs of returning life, the body was buried.

The reason the physician gave for the life-like appearance of the corpse was that the corrosive sublimate in the "rough on rats" tended to prevent coagulation of the blood after death, which gave a rosy, life-like glow to the face. The warmth of the body, he ascribed to the rise of two miles in the hearse, whose glass sides concentrated the rays of the sun.

"The Captured Rustlers." BUTTE (Neb.) July 17.—It is not known what became of the "rustlers" captured by the Kays Paha vigilantes on Sunday. The band passed through Fairfax, S. D., last evening, going west, stating that it was the intention to proceed to a point north of Springfield before crossing the State line. There is little doubt that the "rustlers" never reached Springfield, as should they be turned over to the authorities, it would make trouble for Ansper, owner of the stolen cattle, which were being herded on the Indian Reservation contrary to instructions from the Indian Department.

Fruit Dislodged.

DETROIT, July 17.—A special to the News from St. Joseph, Benton Harbor and other points in the fruit belt of Western Michigan, reports a gale early this morning, reaching a velocity of seventy miles an hour, as a result of which many trees have been blown down and thousands of bushels of apples, pears and peaches were blown from the trees.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

WHY TWO CITY OFFICIALS ARE NOW "AT ODDS."

The Park Superintendent and Water Overseer Do Not Speak—The Trouble.

Starting Report of Chief Engineer Moore—City in Danger from Defective Fire Hydrants.

Valentine O'Connell Declared Not Guilty—Pistols Forbidden at Soldiers' Home—Bicycle Thief Sent to Whittier.

A tempest in a teapot is raging in the offices of the City Water Overseer and the Superintendent of Parks. The trouble between the officials has arisen over a difference of opinion as to the amount of water needed in Hollenbeck Park, and the proper method of conducting it there.

The last meeting of the Howard Investigating committee was held yesterday morning. Needless to state the session of the committee was an unsatisfactory one. No definite conclusion was reached in the case.

Small cases reigned at the Court-house yesterday, nothing of moment or importance coming before the courts. Valentine O'Connell was acquitted, and the sentence of Angelino del Monte was postponed. At the Federal Court Mrs. Ormandy was held to answer on her own recognizance.

AT THE CITY HALL.

FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

Fire Hydrants of the City Are in Bad Shape.

The Board of Fire Commissioners met in regular session yesterday morning. Mayor Rader being absent, Commissioner Vetter acted as chairman of the board.

The report of the Chief was received and acted upon as follows:

"Recommended that the petition of Alie Derry to construct and operate a steam engine and boiler on the Collins street property on Alameda street, opposite Reguena street, be granted." Adopted.

"Recommended that the petition of Bowles Bros. & Co. to remove steam boiler to No. 223 East Fourth street, be granted." Adopted.

"Recommended that no action be taken on the petition of Mrs. Mary C. Gower to bore for oil on a lot on the west side of Edgeware road, as the territory is outside the general oil-limits." Adopted.

Another communication was received from the Chief, reading as follows: "The following persons serving in the department previous to and since February 1, 1910, were employed by the previous Board of Fire Commissioners, and assigned to duty by my predecessors and of which there is no record in the minutes of the board, I recommend that their appointments be confirmed: John Rohrer, engineer, engine No. 2; Martin Dunn, engineer, engine No. 5; J. B. Starnes, driver, engine No. 1; J. W. Banning, permanent fireman, chemical No. 3; and the following callmen: Sam Haskins, B. W. Trobridge, W. Mays, T. H. Jones, J. W. Landell, J. J. Jones, T. J. McGinley." These appointments were confirmed by the board.

The application of George Brown for appointment as fireman was read, as was also the report of the Chief, which was performed during the past week. The report of Dr. Bryant on the injuries of fire-alarm box at the corner of First and Dacotah streets was referred to the Chief.

Councilman Snyder appeared before the board, stating that the bids received by the Council to furnish hay for the department had been referred to the Board of Fire Commissioners. Mr. Moore and Commissioner Grider were appointed a committee to examine the hay offered for sale, and report to the board in the next meeting.

Chief Moore called the attention of the commissioners to the condition of a large number of fire hydrants in the city, stating that it was imperative to open some of them without using steam-fitters' tools. In case of fires in the vicinity of these hydrants the danger would be very great. The Chief gave the following list of hydrants, which he declared were in very bad condition: At the corner of Fourth and Broadway, Fifth and Broadway, Main and Washington streets, Twelfth street and Maple avenue, First and Soto streets, Washington and Figueroa streets, Fifth and Broadway, Buena Vista and Bolano streets, Boyd and San Pedro streets, Pico and Starr streets.

When told of Mr. Moore's statement concerning the attitude of the property-owners on St. Louis street, Mr. Shaffer remarked that he would "take a look at the street" himself. Not because of the roar Mr. Meserve was making over the matter, but merely to satisfy himself.

Superintendent Meserve proposes to call in the aid of the Mayor in the matter, hoping to persuade the water-overseer, through the medium of His Honor, that law, justice and equity call for an opening of the flood gates leading to Hollenbeck Park.

WATER WANTED.

The Park Superintendent Wrathful Over the Matter.

Little streaks of blue flame danced about the room occupied by Mr. Meserve in the City Hall yesterday morning. Mr. Meserve is the gentleman who presides over the destinies of the city parks, and that the flowers are all of the right complexion, that the public in general keep off the grass, and that the desk of His Honor, the Mayor, is kept supplied with the latest in floral novelties.

Ordinarily the temper of Superintendent Meserve might be cited as a synonym for gentility, but not so yesterday. When the Times reporter wandered through his office he was struck with the malignant expression playing over the face of the Park Superintendent, and ventured to ask the whyness of the trouble. Then the Superintendent unbosomed himself.

"Do you remember, young man," said he, "on the occasion of the recent visit of the Park Commissioners, Councilmen and press representatives to the various city parks, how the lake at Hollenbeck Park, charmed the visitors, who loitered all day long, and were rowed over its placid surface—you remember that, do you? Certainly. Well, what do you say—what do you think of the work done by a set of men who will contrive to ruin that piece of loveliness, by depriving the lake of its supply of water? That's exactly what is being done, and it makes my blood boil as I think of it."

Continuing in a calmer tone of voice Mr. Meserve stated that the lake is in the habit of receiving water from the street above Brooklyn street, in Boyle Heights, which water runs along St. Louis street for several blocks before it again reaches the city canal, and on St. Louis street is where the rub occurs.

The Water Overseer, Mr. Shaffer, notified Mr. Meserve several days ago that the custom of running water on St. Louis street would have to be stopped, as the water is given power to the water as a nuisance by residents on the street, who complained that the road was being ruined by the running stream.

"I went to the Street Superintendent and got a permit from him to have the street used for this purpose."

He then told the reporter that he had said that amounted to nothing—I must get the consent of the residents on the street. So I interviewed the people and they told me, with but one exception, that they were delighted to have the water run in front of their houses. The one exception is the man who complained to the Water Overseer. I told the overseer of what the people had said to me. He gravely informed me that I would have to get the written consent of the people on the street before the water could be turned on. That is part of the explanation of my wrathful state of mind. I'll tell you the other part. I happen to know that the deputy water overseers, Mr. Herb and Mr. Ellis, are both bitter enemies of Mr. Shaffer, who, of course, is very much interested in the park. Ellis has had a great deal of trouble with Mr. Workman, in the past on political and other lines, and is only too glad to be able to do him an injury. Ellis lives on St. Louis street, and is raising all this rumpus himself, solely to spite Mr. Workman, and injure, if he can, the park, in which Mr. Workman is interested. Mr. Ellis has declared that the water for the park shall never run down St. Louis street, unless he is given power to procure to that effect. Mr. Shaffer, the Water Overseer, will give us no satisfaction, but simply refers us to his deputy, and the water will be cut off from the park, and fallen several inches in the last week and there will be mud-holes galore in the pretty lake if this thing is kept up."

Mr. Shaffer, when asked about the difficulty with the Park Superintendent, stated that complaints had been made to him of the water being allowed to run in St. Louis street, and he had simply referred his deputy to Mr. Ellis, to use his own judgment in shutting off the water. He was not aware of the disastrous effect of the change on the lake and the park, but considered the wishes of the property-owners on St. Louis street of more importance than the state of the water in Hollenbeck Park.

When told of Mr. Meserve's statement concerning the attitude of the property-owners on St. Louis street, Mr. Shaffer remarked that he would "take a look at the street" himself. Not because of the roar Mr. Meserve was making over the matter, but merely to satisfy himself.

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CASE OF MR. HOWARD.

A Last Joint Effort Made in the "Investigation."

The committee which has been engaged for several days in the lugubrious task of investigating the career of the City Street Superintendent met yesterday morning at 9 o'clock to continue its work.

A number of witnesses had been subpoenaed to testify before the committee, but none of them appeared. The committee waited in patience for a short time, and then the prospects for investigation seemed very gloomy, for the committee took an adjournment for an indefinite period.

Reports of the labor will be presented to the Council on Monday, and that will be the end of the procedure, so far as the committee and the Council are concerned. It is probable that the grand jury will be called in September, will take up the case, and it is possible that with compulsion moving the witnesses, something definite may be arrived at in the, at present, complicated case.

AT THE COURTHOUSE.

THE COURTS.

Valentine O'Connell is Declared Not Guilty of Assault.

The advantages of being a married man were felt yesterday by Valentine O'Connell, who, the jury, moved to sympathy by the sight of his grief-stricken young wife and her little child, brought in the verdict of not guilty to the charge of assaulting Bitro Linares with intent to murder. The case against Kirkendall was dismissed, for the reason that he played but a secondary part in the shooting match.

DECISION ON INSOLVENCY.

Judge Shaw's Opinion on Surrender of Property.

In the matter of Mullen & Egan, insolvent debtors, the assignee has made his report and asked for dividend to be declared on all the claims except that attempted to be filed by the National Bank of Pomona. The question to be decided is whether or not that claim may be allowed to participate in the dividend of large estate.

Within thirty days before the adjudication of insolvency the insolvents made a sale to the National Bank of Pomona of large estate.

erty. In an action afterward begun by the assignee for the recovery of the value of this property, it was decided that the transfer was a preference forbidden by the insolvent act, and judgment was rendered in favor of the assignee against the bank for the value of the goods received by them on the sale. The provisions of the insolvent act declare that no person who has received a preference contrary to the provisions of the act shall prove the debt or claim on account of the preference was made, nor receive any dividend "until he shall have first surrendered to the assignee all property, money, or advantage received by him under such preference."

The bank has paid the judgment recovered by the assignee, and its contention now is that this payment is an equivalent of a surrender as prescribed by sec. 46, and that it is now entitled to prove its claim and share in the dividend. The provisions of the United States Bankruptcy Act on this point was in the same language as that of sec. 46 of the insolvent act. The decisions of the United States bankruptcy court act were to the effect that such a payment was not equivalent to a surrender, and that after judgment in an action by the assignee for the recovery of the value of the property received it was too late for the creditor to surrender the property and claim the right to share in the dividend. The same doctrine has been declared in many other decisions under that law. The principal reason given is that the word "surrender" in the insolvent act is not a voluntary act, and is not such a surrender as is contemplated by the law. The decisions are made by able judges, and are well considered, and should be followed.

The objections to the report are overruled, and it will be ordered that a dividend be declared on the claims of the insolvent, including that of the National Bank of Pomona, and that said claim be stricken from the files.

Real Estate Commissions.

There was trouble again in Judge Young's court yesterday for Mr. F. Bowen took up the greater part of the morning in vigorously prosecuting a suit against Mrs. Martha Carey, to recover \$100 commission for the alleged sale of the Grand View House, a lodging-house in this city.

Mrs. Carey, wishing to sell the property, put it into the hands of a real estate agent named Stuart. Bowen afterward approached her on the subject of the sale, and she told him that he should have \$100 commission, if he succeeded in disposing of the property for \$2500.

Stuart had already a possible purchaser in tow, Mrs. Tittle, who seemed to think favorably of buying the house. Bowen made the acquaintance of this woman, who is a widow, and cut Stuart out of the chance of introducing her to Mrs. Carey, by taking her up there himself, with the assertion that she was "the widow."

No sale was made at the time, and Mrs. Carey soon afterward took the property out of his hands. Subsequently Mrs. Tittle repented of her first decision and bought the house of Mrs. Carey personally.

Bowen, hearing of this, called around for his \$100 commission, which was refused. He then sued for it, but Judge Young failed to see the validity of the claim, and ordered judgment and costs for the defendant.

Factions at Redondo.

Factional feeling runs high at Redondo, as is evidenced by the enforced transfer of several vagrancy cases to Los Angeles, on account of the difficulty in obtaining an impartial trial in the local courts.

The community is divided against itself, one party representing the respectable and law-abiding portion of the community, while the other embodies the free-and-easy liquor element.

The two factions are arrayed against each other, and the situation is so bitter that it is almost impossible to procure an unprejudiced jury to try any case. Deputy District Attorney Williams went to Redondo yesterday to prosecute some vagrancy cases, but after a fruitless day's labor, he moved the transfer of them to this city that they might be fairly tried.

Sent to Whittier.

G. H. Beauchamp, a lad of 17, was brought before Judge Smith yesterday on the charge of stealing a bicycle. Beauchamp pleaded guilty, and was remanded to the County Jail, where he was committed to the custody of the Sheriff for the period of his minority.

Pistols at the Soldiers' Home.

Henry Wilson, the veteran of 73 who assaulted his comrade, John Haley, with a loaded pistol, was tried yesterday at Justice Barakatman at Santa Monica.

It appearing that the assault was not made with intent to kill, the pistol was drawn in mere bravado, the old soldier was discharged on his first complaint. A second was immediately filed, changing the offense to misdemeanor, so the old man got off with a fine of \$25 and a reprimand from the court.

The incident has resulted in an order forbidding the inmates of the Soldiers' Home to carry concealed weapons.

Adopted an Orphan.

Marjorie Engels, a bright little maid of 10 years, was formally adopted yesterday in Judge York's court by Thomas Ellison Toppin and his wife. The little girl's mother had died, and her father's whereabouts are unknown.

New Suits.

E. K. Green has brought suit against G. G. Green to foreclose a mechanic's lien amounting to \$465.

Mattie E. Newman has filed an application for divorce from her husband, T. J. Newman, on the ground of desertion.

Julia A. Cheside has applied for a divorce from her husband, Ernest R. Cheside, on the ground of extreme cruelty.

Julian Valdes has brought suit against the City of Los Angeles to quiet title to land in this city.

Mrs. M. Englebracht has sued L. D. Young for foreclosure of mortgage on the San Francisco street property, to recover \$110.

Robert Reed et al. has entered suit against O. W. Hawkins et al., to establish a lien upon a building, and so recover payment for labor performed.

Marie L. Carhart has filed a suit to quiet title against Clara A. Burbank et al.

Louise Maud has filed a suit for injunction to restrain the Southern Pacific Railroad Company from running their line across her property on Alameda street.

Thomas W. Robinson has begun suit against G. L. Chamberlain and J. T. Stringer, to recover \$750 on a promissory note.

Court Notes.

Del Monte, convicted of arson, was to have been sentenced yesterday, but the sentence was continued for ten days, as the defense might file affidavits in support of motion.

Judge York yesterday granted \$1,000 judgment to the plaintiff in a suit for a mortgage to recover the sum of \$475 against L. Parker.

The charge of embezzlement against M. J. Benson was dismissed upon payment of the costs of suit.

The suit of Thomas Canavan vs. D. J. Benson was on trial yesterday in Judge York's court. The suit was for recovery of a mortgage, and the plaintiff sought to recover the sum of \$475 against L. Parker.

Shaw may be declared trustee and be enjoined to render an account of his stewardship.

The suit of the City of Los Angeles vs. Pomona, a highway ditch, was continued until today on account of the illness of City Attorney Dunn.

NEWS OF CYCLING

EVEN THE CZAR OF RUSSIA RIDES A BICYCLE.

The East Side Cycling Club is booming and will soon have a clubhouse.

A scheme to capture Delany's world's record carried out by a three-racing team.

Harry and "Bob" Terrill lose their father-Howard Squires will try for a record today between here and Riverside.

Everyone is taking to the gay and festive bicycle, from the czar of the Russian empire to the farmer's son. Even the wife of the President of the United States and her little daughter are among the millions who enjoy the democratic two-wheeler, and a few days ago ex-President Harrison came out in high praise of the bicycle as an offset to the bright yam of a special friend who had quoted Gen. Harrison as saying, in a fake interview, that bicycles were the invention of the prince of

avenues will be criss-crossed with those figure-eight that aroused the curiosity of drivers and equestrians in Golden Gate Park last fall as to how they could get through the drives without going over the unlimited crop of cycling beginners.

That there is a growing interest in road-riding in this part of the world is shown by the preparation to organize several riding clubs on the plan of the hustling Roamers, who had so pleasant a run to Monrovia last Sunday.

There is a boom in East Los Angeles, among the members of the East Side Cycling Club. The members of this enterprising club scatter enthusiasm wherever they may be. Last night this club met at the home of Mrs. Lacy and decided on many matters in connection with the clubhouse they will soon open. This will place them one peg ahead of any other wheel club in Southern California. Most of the other clubs are satisfied to have even rooms. The membership is now about thirty and the present officers are: President, Harry White; vice-president, William McKee; secretary-treasurer, D. C. McGarvin; captain, A. Jay; first lieutenant, Ben Tyler; bugler, T. Dockett. His racing men are Lacy, Muzey, Jay Tyler and Wier.

Next Sunday's run of the East Side Cycling Club is to Santa Ana and last Sunday the East Siders had a run to Santa Monica.

J. H. Hutaft, a well-known San Francisco rider, rode into this city from the northern metropolis a few days ago, having averaged about eighty miles a day.



THE CZAR OF RUSSIA WITH HIS WHEEL.

darkness, not proper for ladies to ride, etc. On the same day that this was being telegraphed all over the country Gen. Harrison was himself buying two bicycles and shipping them to Saratoga from his home to be used by his daughter and her young son. If the truth were known it would be probably shown that both the present Chief Magistrate and the ex-President have known how to handle a bicycle for some time.

The Prince of Wales has long been a user of the rubber shod steed, and Queen Victoria has ridden a tricycle in private for years. In fact there is hardly a royal personage in all Europe who does not either ride a cycle or has done so.

The present czar of Russia was fond of a bicycle up to the time he ascended the throne, and would use a wheel very regular now if it were not an unwritten law that the ruler of all the Russias should be seen in public on horseback only. I have a picture that was taken of the czar some weeks before his father died, showing him with some royal cousins and other

Nearly every wheelman in the South-west has heard of Harry and "Bob" Terrill, the well-known racing men of San Francisco, and will sympathize with them in the loss of their father, who died this week after a short illness. William A. Terrill, who has been doing so well on the Eastern circuit, has been called home by his father's fatal illness and will probably remain at home. Many will remember Harry Terrill, who took part in the class A races in this city on the 25th of last month.

Last fall Eddie Bald, the Buffalo racing man, won the mile international class B championship and at the same time established the mile competition record for the year. This record was not touched until Bald broke it himself at the San Jose races in April, but soon after that wonderful race of last year a rival racing team got up a fake competition race to take the record from Bald. Tyler made better time, but it was really only a record ride and not a real race. A similar case has just come to light.

W. E. Delany of the Roamers' Road Club of this city lowered the world's

and is supposed to consist of new racing men, who thus make their debut. One of the contestants, who took part in this record attempt, was no less a person than the winner of last year's great Chicago road race. The whole thing was engineered to boom a certain make of tire. Delay is still the holder of the mile novice world's record.

This morning, bright and early, Howard Squires of Redlands will start from Riverside to ride to this city and return against time. He hopes to break the record of 11h. 23m., established by Peach of South Riverside, and will reach Cycle Row, South Spring street, about 10 o'clock.

The run of the Roamers' Road Club for next Sunday will be to Verdugo Canyon, leaving the Erie Cyclery on South Main street at 8:30. Many lady riders will participate in the run, and lunches will be carried.

"Around the World on a Bicycle," the drama that is to be given at the Los Angeles Theater on July 31 and August 1 to 3, inclusive, is being rehearsed daily under the management of a well-known theatrical man, who is spending his vacation in the city. It is getting along finely, and the proceeds of the play will be used as a nest egg in building the \$10,000-bicycle track, proposed by the Los Angeles Wheelmen.

One scene of the play shows the Santa Monica road race taking place. The Times is now carried daily by bicycle to Redondo Beach, San Pedro and Long Beach. By the use of the bicycle over three hours are saved.

Herbert McCrea left for the Salt Lake races Tuesday, going by the northern route. Will Knippenberg, who leaves this week for St. Louis and Indianapolis on business, expects to see Wells and McCrea ride at Salt Lake.

The sixteenth annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen has just been held at Asbury Park, N. J., and thousands of wheelmen and wheelwomen assembled there for the three days of social reunion and three days of racing. The rain and hail delayed the racing, but the first half of last week was perfect. Zimmerman and his chum, Harry Wheeler, who came over from France on purpose, were two of the guides to show the visitors about.

The great "Zimmy" led a run to his home nearby, and did all he could to entertain the visiting wheelmen, even spending all one night with Wheeler and a buggy hunting up "sealed packages" for the Westerners, while his father had on tap a premium barrel of Monmouth county applejack.

That Johnson did not want to race Zimmerman and that Arthur Zimmerman was willing to meet the Swede last week sworn statements now prove. Zimmerman put up \$5000, his club put up a similar amount, and when Johnson and his trainer, Eck, confessed that they could not raise \$5000, Zimmerman's club also got that put up, yet Johnson did not show up and Zimmerman rode a mile way under two minutes for nothing to show that he was same.

Sanger, with his trainer and manager, Dave Shafer, have been released from the racing team and Shafer announces that Sanger will be in the professional races and let the national circuit alone. CHARLES FULLER GATES.



SHAFER.

Invited to Make a Visit to Santa Barbara.

The board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce met yesterday afternoon with Directors Cohn, Forman, Jones, Klokke, Mullen, Patterson, Slauson, Vetter present, and President Patterson in the chair.

A communication was read from the secretary of the Transmississippi Congress, which meets in Omaha in November, asking what subjects the chamber would like to have put in the list of topics to be discussed at the convention. It was decided to suggest the Nicaragua Canal, cheaper transportation for Western products and the improvement of Pacific Coast harbors.

Director Klokke reported in behalf of the committee appointed to look into the matter of an exhibit at the Atlanta Fair, that a number of members of the chamber who had formerly been residents of neighboring sections of the South had been interviewed, and expressed great interest in the undertaking and promised co-operation in the effort to raise funds. It was decided to take no further steps in the matter until the meeting of the supervisors of the State at San Francisco next Wednesday.

A communication was read from J. M. Crawley, inviting the members of the Chamber of Commerce to go on a mid-summer excursion to Santa Barbara, which will leave this city July 27 and returning any time within thirty days. The invitation stated that reduced rates would be made at the hotels and by the livery stables and that tournament and other forms of entertainment had been prepared to take place in Santa Barbara. It was moved and carried that the invitation be accepted and that members of the Chamber of Commerce be requested to attend as far as possible.

The following were elected to membership: Anchor Laundry, W. E. Roberts, R. Livingston, H. L. Bleeker.

Ready for Any Occasion.

The Prince of Wales has two sorts of cards, one reading, "Albert Edward," the other "Le Prince de Galles," the French term being more often used in royal circles than the other.

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Bargains That Will Create a Sensation.



In some countries of Europe Bargain Sales are considered as injurious to legitimate trade, and as a result the governments of those countries have taken a hand to suppress in a measure these so-called "illegitimate" dealings of the merchants. We are of the opinion that our "sales" are not looked upon as an injury, but as a source of profit to the business community as well as to our customers. We bespeak for our Bargain Sale for the next few days more than ordinary values, and would advise all purchasers of dry goods to consult your own interests and visit

J. M. HALE COMPANY,

107 AND 109 NORTH SPRING STREET.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday and see the many great values we have to offer you.

Special Bargains.		Special Bargains.		Special Bargains.	
8 ¹ / ₃₀ yd	500 yards Wool Challies, in a variety of colors and pretty designs and figures, warranted 3-4 wool, formerly sold at 20c, to close out 8-13c.	8 ¹ / ₃₀	Shantung Pongee, a beautiful summer fabric, full 31 inches wide, in a variety of colors and very pretty designs, former price 12 ¹ / ₂ c, selling now 8-13c.	\$2.50	A great reduction in Ladies' Silk Waists, a variety of colors and pretty patterns, full sleeves and stylishly cut, have been selling for \$3.25 and \$4.00, you can buy what are left at \$2.50 each.
5 ¹ / ₂ yd	5000 yards of Louisiana Print, full 31 inch wide, we are going to close out on Saturday at 5c per yard, regular value is 10c.	30c	A line of Ladies' Silk Vests, in all colors, pink, blue, ecru; regular price of these goods is 65c, you can buy them now for 30c.	75c	12-4 White Bed Spreads, Marcellines patterns, large enough for double bed, regular value \$1.25, selling at 75c.
4c	75 pieces of Bleached Cotton Crash, heavy twilled and nice for roller towels, selling at 4c.	12 ¹ / ₂	25 dozen Ladies' White Cotton Vests, extra quality, sleeveless, worth 25c, selling today at 12 ¹ / ₂ c.	12 ¹ / ₂	60 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, spliced heel and toes and ribbed tops, good value and ready sellers at 20c, selling this week at 12 ¹ / ₂ c.
25c	An odd line Gents' Furnishing Goods to be sacrificed, grey mixed and white merino underwear, worth 50c to be closed out at 25c.	5c	5000 yards of Outing Flannels in light and medium colors, regular value 8-13c, selling this week at 5c.	5c	A line of Silk Ribbons in all colors from No. 9 to 16, worth from 10c to 15c per yard, will be closed out this week at 5c per yard; these are very cheap.
5c	Men's 3-ply Collars, all linen, and worth 20c, we are selling today at 5c each.	\$2.25	50 Table Sets, beautifully designed Table Damask with or without fringe, 2 and 2 1/2 yards long, including 1 doz. napkins to match, will be closed out at \$2.25, reduced from \$4.50 up to \$7.50 a set.	5c	About 50 pieces of Vellings Silk, in plain and dotted, also some tances, worth from 25c to 50c per yard, call for them at notion counter, 5c a yard.

Neckwear..

Neckwear..

Neckwear..

TECKS, FOUR-IN-HANDS, BAND BOWS AND LADIES' TIES—300 DOZEN OF THEM—ALL WORTH 50 CENTS—THIS WEEK

25C

SEE THEM IN OUR MIDDLE WINDOW.

London Clothing Co.

Harris & Frank,

Proprietors.

Rambler Bicycles

ARE STANDARD.

Second-hand Wheels taken in exchange.

Rambler Riding Academy.

Special pains taken with ladies.

LADIES' COUPON—Good for one lesson at Rambler Riding Academy, 47 S. Spring St., L.A. (Cut this out and bring it.)

THOS. H. B. VARNEY,

427 South Spring St., Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES BICYCLE DEALERS—

BICYCLE Factory, fine repairing, Pacific Cycles, 818 South Broadway.

BICYCLE Shoes to order, E. A. Shoemaker, 48 South Broadway.

BURKE BROS., March Cycles; Tandems to rent, 448 South Spring.

RAMBLER Cycle Riding Academy, T. H. B. Varney, 427 S. Spring.

STRACUZE Crimen, Rim Cycles, Will Knippenberg, 427 South Spring.

UNION Cycles, repairing, all kinds, Russell Mfg. Co., 145 West Fifth.

VICTOR Cycles, Overman Wheel Co., Westminster Hotel Block.

WAVERLY and Monarch Cycles, Haden & Sons, 225 West Fourth.

WINTON, Graves, Special Cycles; rent, 1111 Olive St., 6th South Spring.

world-famous princes ready for a very amateur race, all with long breeches and wheels that would be called "breeches" in that country at present. In the picture given herewith it will be seen that his wheel is of the type found in Europe today, and at least seven years behind American wheelmen.

Los Angeles is at last turning into the stretch in cycling matters, and her best people are finally taking to the wheel with enthusiasm not common to other sports. The riding schools, where the art of subduing the unmanageable metallic charger is learned, has become in abundance, and some of

novice record at Agricultural Park last month to 2:11 1/4, and now comes a report from Louisville that Van Herick has made a novice mile in 2:08 3/4, and yet he has been racing for a year or more, and is a class B racer. I investigated the matter and found that this is a case similar to Tyler's fake race. Herick made the mile in the time reported, paced by a tandem, and most of the race rode alone, the other class B men who started with him having dropped out. The race was styled the mile novice; class B, against time, paced by tandem. All who took part have won races, although a novice race is open to those who have not won a race,

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ZIMMERMAN STARTING IN ONE OF HIS LAST PARIS RACES.

CHAUTAUQUA ASSEMBLY.

INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE LECTURES AT DAILY SESSIONS.

Some Humorous and Serious Recollections of Washington—Bacteria and Disease—A Lesson on Canning Fruit—The Programme Arranged for Today.

LONG BEACH, July 17.—(Special Correspondence.) Last evening's lecture was prefaced by a delightful prelude, consisting of song and recitation. Prof. Cornell sang "Crook's Love Song," by Dudley Buck, and received prolonged applause for the pleasure given. Miss Marion Gertrude Hards of Ontario recited in a most captivating manner Owen Meredith's "Aurora," and H. Edwards, Esq., accompanying on the piano. Miss Hards responded to an enthusiastic response and pleased the audience very much.

President Miller read a letter from Prof. T. S. O. Lowe in response to a request for terms for an excursion to Echo Mountain. Prof. Lowe extends an invitation to the assembly to visit the great inland sea, and to enjoy the view from Altadena to Echo Mountain, entertainment being given at the hotel, with supper and breakfast above the clouds, access being by observation and use of telescopes, and an inspection of the valley below with the great searchlight. The expense for this will be \$3.50. General Passenger Agent W. W. Wilson of the Terminal makes the return trip to Altadena \$1. Total expense of the trip will be \$4.50. Friday at 4 p.m. will probably be the date of the excursion is taken, returning Saturday morning. This will be a rare treat at small expense.

Rev. Dr. E. S. Chapman was received with applause when he stepped upon the platform to deliver his lecture last evening. His subject was, "Humorous and Serious Recollections of Washington from 1864 to 1868." Dr. Chapman, a resident in appearance, the statesman of the old school. He is an exceedingly vigorous speaker, dignified and full of genuine humor. He declared that he had not yielded to the atmospheric effect of Washington, and the audience listened closely to his eloquent address. A better lesson than his own or daughter's better lesson than a look from the galleries of Congress upon the great men on the floor below, for they are truly great, and to look upon such a body of men is an education upward. Colfax, as President of the Senate, called that body to order with one great rap of the gavel, and all was silence. The great Dr. Chapman, chaplain, rose and offered prayer, the Senators standing with bowed heads. Schuyler Colfax, however, may have been said against him, was a man of sterling honesty. He was as pure in character as an angel.

Gen. Garfield took no part in the reconstruction issue, but busied himself studying the financial question, which he saw was a coming future issue. He was getting ready for his great speech on this subject, and when the time came he was ready, and, holding the Senate in rapt attention, caused them to exclaim: "Where did Garfield learn so much finance?" The speaker illustrated the difference between the effect of the stinging "Mr. Speaker" of Thaddeus Stephens, and that of the spread-eagle orator, the one brought silence in a noisy house, the other was not listened to. Secretary Stanton was a great, majestic, iron-hearted man. Many anecdotes of him were brought among them that of the widow who appealed to him for a hearing for her condemned boy. He listened to her, and saying he could not listen to individual petitions. She, in answer, cried, "Man, have you no heart?" "No, madam," said he, "I have no heart, but I ought not to have one, but I will send you to a man who has," and he wrote her a pass to President Lincoln. Many touching incidents were related of the martyred President, and the audience seemed to feel the heart-beat of that noble life. Roscoe Conkling was a magnificent man, conscious of his superior appearance, and his mind was supremely sarcastic. Only one man ever came near him without either becoming his vassal or his enemy, and that was Gen. Grant, who was away from his friend, never his vassal or enemy. Extended reference was made to the Conkling-Blaire trouble, and the resulting in two defeats of Mr. Blaire in the Presidential nomination. Gen. Grant's timidity, except in the face of cannon, was illustrated in the incident of his formal presentation to Congress. Amid the cheers and applause, as he stood upon the platform, Colfax said: "General, won't you make a few remarks?" Grant replied, tremulously, "No, can't I go down now?" And he went down. The entire address was full of most interesting information, and was received by the great audience with much satisfaction. Everybody sincerely wished that the tramp who stole the doctor's valise on the way here would return the valuable papers and other prized souvenirs of that memorable four years in Washington, which treasures were carried by him for use in the lecture.

The Bible reading in Romans, under charge of Dr. Frost, was largely attended, between three and four hundred people being present. The audience read in concert, and Dr. Frost commented upon the passages read. Frequent questions were asked and answered, and short discussions followed.

Rev. F. M. Larkin continues the discussions in the Bible Normal Class, taking up the chronology and divisions of Old Testament history. The antediluvian period was considered, the character of the period, its important events and characters. The Bible account of the period was carefully discussed.

The School of Art and Design is attracting much attention. The display of art work, the productions of pupils, speaks for itself. The classes in this department are quite large already. The sketching class finds ample opportunity to develop at least in marine scenery. The decorative art class is in charge of Miss F. Bell of San Francisco, a member of the Ceramic Club of that city and an artist of high standing in her line of work. Miss Bell is connected with the Marlborough school for the coming year, her studio there being devoted to students outside the school. Her system of instruction is the broad style, being provided for that purpose. Five hours for this class are 2 to 10 a.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.

The art needle-work, in charge of Mrs. E. Brashers, is also attracting much attention. An exhibit of choice work, Mrs. Brashers won medals at the World's Fair upon several pieces now on exhibition. This class meets at 2 o'clock.

Prof. Cornell, who has charge of the Chautauqua music, is industriously training the chorus, which now numbers nearly fifty voices. Fine work is being done. The chorus is now engaged upon "O Italia, beloved," Donizetti.

Prof. Cornell, in connection with the Chautauqua, a class especially for teachers, and a reading class for all who wish to study the rudiments of music. One hundred dollars in prizes will be awarded in the vocal contest, which is to take place next week. A large number of contestants are on the list. Competent judges will pass upon the merits of the singers. This will be a



Business On the Jump

As this is, means something. It ought to tell you plainly where the millinery mastery may be found—It means more than the ordinary every day sale—It's easy enough to say half price—But what we say we do, we do—And half price for every late millinery thought—Actually half price is precisely what you find when you come—Only three days more of this sale—For millinery at half it's now or never.

Lud Zobel, The Wonder Millinery, 219 SOUTH SPRING St.

decidedly interesting feature. Prof. McClatchie's class in botany got deep into the mysteries of green slime this morning. By the aid of a large microscope they found their way out, wading through protophytes, and thus learning the composition and functions of general cell structure, the green slime cell being a type of simple cell structure. For a most fascinating study of living forms taken up scientifically this class is recommended.

Prof. Cook's class in entomology was no less interesting. With microscopic examination of the make-up of insect tissue and the recording of facts thus obtained, the students are being led in a very profitable way.

Prof. Elmer E. Brown of the State University spoke energetically and wisely to the class in pedagogy. He incidentally regretted that there is too much training of the teacher to the end that he may have a "pull" instead of the better fitting him for the work of a teacher. The only question to be asked in employing a man should be "Is he fully competent to fill the position?" The general trend of the educational movement is toward moral development. The discussions are, as a rule, upon the question of how each branch of study may be used to make the pupil better. Educational methods, however, changed much in late years. The old idea was to train the child for the particular place he was expected to fill. Now the idea is to train for himself, to train him so that he shall be a well-rounded man. Many questions were asked and answered.

Prof. A. J. McClatchie of Throop Polytechnic Institute, Pasadena, delivered his lecture on "Bacteria and Disease." A very large audience gathered to listen when he appeared. He objected to the usual names applied to the living thing under discussion, bacteria being the very best and only real good name. The popular idea that bacteria are animals is wrong, they are plants. Their size is so small that the finest filter paper affords no barrier to them. They vary from 1-100 of an inch to 1-10,000 of an inch in diameter. They are of three principal shapes: spherical (micrococci), rod-shaped (bacilli) and spiral (spirilli). They must have a food supply, moisture and warmth. These three must all exist if the plant grows. If not all present the plant lives but does not grow. They are propagated very rapidly by reproducing themselves in chains or in groups. In their growth they often form pigments, others produce gas, others produce acid. The bacteria in milk produce an acid which causes it to curdle. Another acid is acetic acid, which forms vinegar. Others produce poisonous substances. These are the kinds which do damage.

It is commonly supposed that removing odors from a room is disinfecting the room. Only substances which destroy the bacteria are disinfectants, and those which destroy the growth only are antiseptics. Heat, cold, sunlight, chemicals are disinfectants and antiseptics. Temperature required is 150 deg. to 160 deg. Fahrenheit. Both direct and diffused; chemicals, corrosive sublimate, nitrate of silver, carbolic acid, chloride of lime, chloride of zinc, blue vitriol, iodine, iodoform, alum, creosote, salt and sugar are among the most useful. Bacteria are lurking in the mouth in great numbers and the public drinking vessels and the communion cup; water, which should be filtered and then boiled. Filters are bacteria incubators, milk, which may contain very much bacteria, is a medium of infection. The professor discussed many diseases caused by bacteria, some of which, as consumption, are considered hereditary, but which he declared is not true. Many diseases familiar to all, afford immunity from a second attack. The theories of immunity are: First, exhaustion theory; second, retention theory; third, acquired tolerance theory; fourth, phagocytic theory, and fifth, anti-toxine theory. The hour was too long enough to complete the lecture and the lecture will be completed tomorrow at 2 o'clock, Prof. Brown dividing that hour with him.

NOTES.

Saturday's programme has been changed in the matter of the 3 p.m. lecture. James C. Ambrose will deliver his first lecture at that time, his second to be on Monday evening as announced.

The grand concert Saturday is looked forward to with pleasure by all musically-inclined. Special train will run on the Terminal, returning to the city after the concert.

Prof. Elmer E. Brown of the State University is booked for a lecture before the Chautauqua, in the near future, an announcement of which will be made later. Teachers and all interested in educational themes, which means everybody,

will wish to hear this popular lecture. Tomorrow is W.C.T.U. day, and the programme is arranged especially in accordance with the temperance movement.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Breed of Pasadena are here for a season. They have rooms at the Seaside Inn, J. A. B.

Prof. A. L. Hamilton of Throop Polytechnic Institute, with his family, are pleasantly located in the Millard cottage on Linden avenue. Misses Sada and Myrtle Hamilton are with them.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. McLean, C. Philpott, Mr. and Mrs. D. Norton of Los Angeles, S. Wible of Bakersfield, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Cox of Hollister, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Hastings, Mrs. S. G. Little of San Diego, Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnston of Pomona, W. B. Johnson of Riverside.

At the Glenmore, William Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Corbin of Ontario, J. B. McFarland of San Bernardino, J. A. Clark of Pomona, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brown, Mrs. H. L. Darrah of Hemet, J. Bramer of Los Angeles, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Gaylor and J. D. Gaylor of Pasadena, with their families, are occupying a pleasant cottage on Elm street, and are attending upon Chautauqua sessions.

The Misses June and Mina Jones, daughters of J. Ely Jones, M.D., of Pasadena, with friend, Mrs. Robert E. Fulton, are occupying a pleasant cottage on Elm street, and are attending upon Chautauqua sessions.

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FROM CATALINA

AVALON (Catalina Island.) July 17.—(By Homing-pigeon, Tatters, of the Catalina Carrier-pigeon Service to the Times.) The Hermosa came in last evening with 115 passengers on board, a large number of whom went to swell the camping population.

The following guests registered at the Metropole: Miss Luella Smith, Miss Elizabeth Reener of San Jose, George A. Beam of San Bernardino, Mrs. E. E. Hathaway, Julia M. Patten of Colorado City, W. F. Taylor of San Francisco, J. D. Simpson and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Sessions of Los Angeles.

At the Island Villa, Miss Lulu Conger, Dr. W. H. Prittle of Pasadena, R. J. Adcock, Gen. and Mrs. C. C. Allen, Mrs. M. S. Smith, T. L. Amestoy, Mrs. P. A. W. and Mrs. R. B. McLean, C. Philpott, Mr. and Mrs. D. Norton of Los Angeles, S. Wible of Bakersfield, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Cox of Hollister, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Hastings, Mrs. S. G. Little of San Diego, Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnston of Pomona, W. B. Johnson of Riverside.

At the Glenmore, William Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Corbin of Ontario, J. B. McFarland of San Bernardino, J. A. Clark of Pomona, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brown, Mrs. H. L. Darrah of Hemet, J. Bramer of Los Angeles, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Gaylor and J. D. Gaylor of Pasadena, with their families, are occupying a pleasant cottage on Elm street, and are attending upon Chautauqua sessions.

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PET CIGARETTES

ARE THE BEST CIGARETTE SMOKERS

PET CIGARETTES SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

Made from the highest cost Gold Leaf grown in Virginia, and are

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Animal Extracts

Cerebrine. Extract of the brain of the ox, for Nervous Prostration, Insomnia, etc.

Cardine. Extract of the Heart, for functional weakness of the heart.

Eduline. Extract of the Spinal Cord, for Locomotor Ataxia.

Testine. For Premature Decay.

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Hyroline. For Eczema and Impurities of the Blood.

Dose: 5 drops. Price: 50c.

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LOS ANGELES Medical and Surgical Institute, Treat and Cure

Throat and Lung Troubles, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nervous, Chronic and Special Diseases of Men and Women.

Our new method of treatment supplies vigor, vitality and manhood. Cures guaranteed or no pay. Twenty years in Los Angeles.

Take No Substitute. Gail Borden Eagle Brand

CONDENSED MILK

Has always stood FIRST in the estimation of the American People. No other is "just as good." Best Infant Food.

"GUPIDENE" he great life-giver cures general and nervous debility, and all diseases wearing on the body and mind. \$1.00 a box for 30 days. For sale at OFFICE OF VAUGHN, Fourth and Spring St. Los Angeles, Cal.

These Baby Carriages Recommend themselves for BEST STYLE LOWEST VALUE PRICES. From \$5 to \$20. TRY ONE. I. T. MARTIN, 415 S. Spring St., L.A.

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Beauty Found and Purity Cuticura

Adapted to this climate, cheap, self-cleaning, durable, economical. Three hundred city references. Sold on approval. F. E. Brown, No. 214 South Spring street.

DR. WARD, 405 S. Broadway, Tel. 3421. U. S. HOTEL, rooms \$5 per week and up.

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OUR... SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

Is winning some of it's best laurels with the

PEERLESS BARGAINS

PARASOLS, GLOVES AND SHIRT WAISTS.

Parasols.

At \$2.75 each—45 Ladies' Surah and Taffeta Silk Ruffled Parasols; plain striped and changeable effects. Paragon frames; new design handles. Former price, \$7.50; Sale Price, \$2.75.

At \$2.50 each—118 Ladies' Surah Taffeta and Gros Grain Silk Parasols, plain, striped, figured and changeable effects; new designs and colors; imported steel frames and various designs in handles; former price \$4.50; \$5, \$5.50. Sale Price \$2.50 each.

Carriage Parasols.

At 50c each—95 Ladies' Carriage Parasols in black, white, cardinal, navy and changeable silks; plain and puffed, lined and unlined; pretty handles and strong frames; former price 75c, \$1, and \$1.25. Sale Price, 50c each.

Ladies' Walking and Driving Gloves.

Ladies' Silk Taffeta Gauntlets, gray only; former price 25c; sale price 15c a pair

Ladies' Pure Silk Mitts, extra heavy, well-made and double lock-stitched; former price 50c; sale price 35c a pair

Ladies' 8-button length Suede Mosquetoire Gloves, in red, green, navy, heliotrope, purple and black; former price \$1; now 50c a pair

Ladies' 8-button length Glace Biarritz Gloves; best quality and most satisfactory glove for general wear; in black, navy, slate and green; former price, per pair, \$1; sale price 75c

A complete line of Ladies' 7-button length Chamelo Gloves, smooth finish and washable, perfect fitting and well made, with inner seams; former price \$1; sale price 75c a pair

Adler's Heavy Driving Gauntlets, well made with inner stitched seams to prevent the reins from wearing out the thread and causing them to rip, gusseted between the fingers and patent fastenings; former price \$1.25; sale price \$1 a pair

Ladies' Celebrated Ekay Kid Gloves in brown, tan and mode every pair fitted and warranted; former price \$1.50; sale price \$1.25 a pair

Shirt Waists.

26 doz. Percal Shirt Waists, high collar, deep cuffs, in stripes and fancy checks; former price 85c; Sale price 40c

7 doz. Percal Shirt Waists, rolled collar, deep cuffs, pointed yokes, in a variety of patterns; former price 85c; Sale price 65c

18 doz. Percal Waists, fancy blue figured, rolling collar and straight cuffs; former price 75c; Sale price 50c

11 doz. Percal Waists, rolled collar and cuffs, stripes and floral patterns; former price \$1; Sale price 75c

17 doz. White Linen Waists, with the latest collars and cuffs, former price 85c; Sale price 50c

5 doz. Ladies' Waists of fancy figured and changeable Silks, made in the latest styles, boned and lined throughout; former price \$13.50; Sale price \$7.50

Free delivery in Pasadena.

A DEATH TRAP.

COLLAPSE OF A BUILDING ON SECOND STREET.

The Leland Hotel While Undergoing Alterations Suddenly Topped Over Yesterday.

Three Men Were Seriously and Several Slightly Injured—Many Had Narrow Escapes.

The Disaster Caused by Lack of Proper Precautions by the Contractor—The Building Rules Were Disregarded.

A few minutes before the noon hour yesterday a casualty occurred at No. 225 East Second street that was dire in its consequences, but might have been a great deal worse. It was the collapse of a three-story lodging house, but fortunately it occurred at a time of day when few of the lodgers were within, else the list of victims might be long. As it was only three persons were seriously injured. They are:

JOHN FISHER, contractor; chest crushed, abdomen bruised, head cut and injured internally; injuries not necessarily fatal.
THADDEUS GRAYBEEL, laborer; both ankles fractured.
WILLIAM HAHNAFIELD, plasterer; back badly sprained and right ankle broken.

Besides the above named victims several persons were slightly injured and others had the good fortune to be able to crawl out of the wreck unhurt. The building which collapsed was the Leland Hotel, a rickety frame three-story lodging house, owned by Peter Johnson. It was patronized principally by workmen which fact accounts for its having so few occupants when the disaster occurred. The house was originally a two-story board structure, but had been raised ten feet for the purpose of making room for stores under it. It was owing to this fact that the building collapsed. The old rookery was constructed in such a flimsy manner that it was folly to attempt to raise it, but this could have been successfully accomplished if the proper precautions had been taken.

Johnson first engaged William Knickrehm, a house-mover, to raise the structure, so that an additional story could be built under it. He started Knickrehm at raising the building without first having obtained a permit from the Superintendent of Buildings. William Smith, one of Knickrehm's workmen, became so alarmed that he threw up his job after working three days. He said he considered it unsafe to proceed. Then the Superintendent of Buildings came along and stopped work on the building altogether, because Johnson had not secured a permit to make the alterations contemplated.

After about a week's delay Johnson

he could not compel them to do so. John Hathaway, Knickrehm's foreman, told him Johnson, the proprietor, Tuesday evening, that he would better blow the old shell up with dynamite, because it would never be fit for a house.

The proprietor claims that he also remonstrated with Contractor Fisher no later than yesterday morning, about the insufficiency of the supports. He says he insisted upon having additional braces, but Fisher put him off by saying he had been twenty years in the business and knew what he was doing.

Fisher did not supply any personal supports, and about two hours after the blocks had been removed, a little gust of wind brought the entire structure to the ground. It could have fallen sideways, on account of the adjoining buildings—

borne down by the mass of timbers, and almost crushed by their weight. By herculean efforts he was dug and sawed out by the band of rescuers, and sent on a stretcher to the Police Receiving Hospital, where it was found that his chest, abdomen and head was badly bruised, and that he had internal injuries. Fisher's wife came to the hospital and helped Police Surgeon Bryant and the attendants to minister to him. When she came in, he partly opened his eyes and murmured, "I guess I'm done for." At about 5 o'clock the doctor thought it safe to move him, and he was sent to his home on Macy street. The chances are in favor of his recovery. Fisher is the father of Bertha Fisher, the girl who ran away from her home last Sunday evening because she did not wish to wear Salvation Army clothes.

H. Hanson, the proprietor of a restaurant adjoining the Leland Hotel, was in a shed at the rear of the lot when the wreck occurred, and made his escape just in time, for the shed was crushed like an eggshell. Hanson's wife and baby also had a narrow escape. Hanson says he had remonstrated with Johnson and the contractors on account of the lack of precautions to make the building safe.

Johnson's family did not live in the house, which accounts for none of them, except the boy Joe, being in it when it collapsed. Joe had charge of the rooms while his father was away. Johnson, himself, had been up to buy material for the building, and did not know anything about the disaster until about ten minutes afterwards, when he was returning from his errand, and saw the crowd collected around the place. He was frantic when he discovered his loss, and blamed the carpenters and house-mover, Knickrehm, for carelessness in not providing safeguards. Johnson estimated his loss at \$3000. He carried \$2000 fire insurance, which is probably nearer the true value of the place than his estimate, as the building was but a shell, and the furniture of a cheap order.

Frank Doherty, one of the carpenters employed in the building, left his work at about 11 o'clock by appointment with Dr. E. A. Bryant to be examined for life insurance. He passed the examination, and was within a block of the house on his return trip when the disaster occurred. Doherty has greater faith than ever in life insurance now.

Responsibility for the disaster appears to rest between the contractors and the proprietors, the former being censured for not taking better precautions, and the latter for not compelling them to do so.

The scene of the wreck was visited by hundreds of people. The front of the building stood almost erect and gave one little conception of the extent of the disaster. But in the rear there was an indescribable mass of timbers, planks, bedding and furniture. It will take a week to clear away the debris.

Licensed to Wed.
Lorenzo D. Hearn, aged 60, a native of Ohio, and Sarah Falconberry, aged 40, a native of Indiana; both residents of Los Angeles.

John A. Carter, aged 23, a native of Illinois, and Willa Webster, aged 23, a native of Kansas; both residents of Los Angeles.

Gustavus A. Stephen, aged 27, a native of Ohio, and a resident of Rosamond, Kern county, and Lizzie E. Vance, aged 25, a native of Missouri and a resident of Los Angeles.

Charles Roberts, aged 55, a native of New York and a resident of Clearwater, and Caroline Beck, aged 40, a native of Illinois and a resident of Los Angeles.

Lewis B. Chapman, aged 33, a native of New Hampshire, and Margaret J.



THE WRECKED BUILDING FROM IN FRONT.

a three-story brick on one side and a two-story frame on the other. There were no supports underneath whatever, except several parallel rows of 2x4 studs, which had no cross beams or braces of any description. It appears that the adjoining buildings were depended upon to hold the structure up.

The building was thirty feet wide and 120 feet deep. The rear portion being weakest, it went down first, the entire structure collapsing toward the rear with a tremendous crash. A cloud of dust from the pulverized plaster filled the air, and the screams and shrieks of the unfortunate victims could be heard

William Hahnafeld, a plasterer, was in a front room of the top story, and when he felt the floor giving way under his feet, he jumped out of the window, landing on the sidewalk about twenty-two feet below, badly spraining his back and breaking his right ankle.

Thaddeus Graybeel, laborer, also leaped from a window and fractured both ankles. Hahnafeld and Graybeel were both sent to the Receiving Hospital, and later to the County Hospital.

A. J. Oliver, an upholsterer, had a narrow escape from instant death. He said he had retired at 4 o'clock in the morning, and about 11:50 was awakened



THE RUINS FROM THE REAR—(SKETCHED BY CHAPIN.)

secured the necessary permit, but not before Superintendent of Buildings Strange caused him to change his plans so as to conform with the building regulations. Mr. Strange says he required him to change the specifications so as to use heavier studding for the underpinning and to brace and strengthen the structure throughout. These specifications, however, according to Mr. Strange's statement, were not complied with, despite the Building Superintendent's frequent urging and best efforts to have them enforced. Assistant Superintendent of Buildings Rommel, who is considered a very competent and careful man, is alleged to have visited the place several times while work was in progress and insisted upon better precautions being taken. It was all of no avail, however.

Tuesday evening Knickrehm, the contractor who raised the structure, began taking out his blocks, and finished the job about 10 o'clock yesterday morning. He says he warned the contracting carpenters, Fisher & Page, that they ought to brace the building better, but Fisher replied that he had been in the business twenty years and knew what he was doing. Knickrehm claims his responsibility ended when the carpenters were ready to have the blocks removed, and although he had advised the contractors to supply better bracing,

among the general din. Here and there a man could be seen crawling out of the ruins, while several jumped out of the front windows.

An excited crowd soon blocked the street in front of the wreck, while others closed in at the rear. The afternoon police watch had just formed at the station, and when a telephone message came, announcing the disaster, the entire squad marched on the double-quick to the scene of the accident. The blue-coats were soon at work extricating the victims and were presently joined by a hook and ladder crew of the fire department.

The city's guardians and protectors worked till about 2 o'clock like Trojans, and at that time concluded that they had rescued everybody that went down with the ruins. After that the carpenters and volunteer workmen kept up the search on vague rumors that one man was still buried in the debris, but night came and no more victims were found, and it is thought all are accounted for.

As though it were the irony of fate, the man that was most hurt is John Fisher, the contractor who was so positive that he knew his business, and refused to heed all warnings that the building was not sufficiently braced. Fisher was under the building near the rear when the crash came. He was

by a rumbling noise. He felt the building tottering, and jumped out of the back and took refuge under a table. He had no sooner done so than the ceiling came down and smashed the table to pieces.

A fragment struck his shoulder and bruised it badly, and the debris pinned him down till men with saws and axes dug him out. Oliver was in the ruins about twenty minutes, but was not seriously injured.

James Saunders, an old man, was seated in his room, the third from the rear, on the second floor, reading, when the walls and ceiling came down. Fortunately he fell beside the bureau, the protruding drawers of which formed a shelter and saved his life. A beam struck him on the chest, but he was not badly injured, and he soon succeeded in wriggling himself out of the ruins.

A Udd, a street-sweeper, was in bed in a rear room on the third floor when he heard the first crashing of the timber. He sprang to the floor, and a moment later felt himself going down with the wreck. A big trunk which fell beside him saved his life. For the timbers closing over it, left a hole big enough for him to lie in, and in a moment after the shock he had crawled out and was digging enough clothes out of the ruins to hide his nakedness. Udd was very cool throughout and did yeoman service in searching the ruins for less for-

Metzner, aged 33, a native of Canada; both residents of San Diego.

Wilfred James Mayo, aged 26, a native of Pennsylvania, and Cora Stephens, aged 18, a native of California; both residents of Los Angeles.

George Gardner, aged 48, a native of England, and Helen Coffield, aged 39, a native of Iowa; both residents of Los Angeles.

John William Clabour, aged 35, and Mary Emily Anderson, aged 25, both natives of England and residents of Clearwater.

John F. Baber, aged 38, a native of Mississippi, and Ella Turner, aged 30, a native of Texas; both of Los Angeles.

VAPOR STOVE.
Every woman is interested in the "Quick Meal," as it saves time and hard work, and assures economy where waste is greatest. The cook's fire. For sale by Cass & Smur Stove Co., Nos. 224 and 226 South Spring street.

FOR MIRRORS or beveled plate-glass you can get the best and you will make a large saving. No. 440 South Spring street.

FOR LAWNS—Grass seed, fertilizers and mowers. William Currier & Son, 121 S. Main.

"JESSE MOORE" whiskeys are unexcelled for purity and quality.



"Shave your Soap"

—so the soap makers say, especially if you're washing delicate things. Now, in the name of common sense, what's the use? When you can get Pearlina, in powder form for this very reason, why do you want to work over soap, which, if it's good for anything, gets very hard and difficult to cut.

Besides, Pearlina is vastly better than any powdered soap could be. It has all the good properties of any soap—and many more, too. There's something in it that does the work easily, but without harm—much more easily than any other way yet known.

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearlina." IT'S FALSE—Pearlina is never peddled. If your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

Carriages, Traps, Surreys, Phaetons, Buggies, Road Wagons, Business wagons, Harness, Whips, Robes, etc.

SPECIALTIES:
Curtis & Reed's hand-made Carriage work, ball-bearing axles and rubber tires. Ohio Buggy Co.'s fine vehicles.

ORIENT BICYCLES.

BOTTIS & PHELPS,
Westminster Hotel Block. 332, 334, 336 S. Main Street

"Fool's haste is nae speed." Don't hurry the work unless you use

SAPOLIO

The people Auction.

at last understand

Why it is that the California Medical and Surgical Institute have won the enviable reputation they now enjoy, and so successfully treat diseases that have baffled others. They have attained their pre-eminence by their success. They attained their success by mastering their profession. They gained the confidence of the public by treating it fairly, honestly and professionally. As proof of honest dealing and our ability to CURE disease, we do not require money in advance.

Not a Dollar Need be Paid until Cured

On our staff is the oldest specialist on this Coast. Our Surgeon and Diagnostician second to none. We cure CATARRH in two months, all GONORRHOIC, NERVOUS and BLOOD DISEASES cured in the shortest possible time.

WEEKLY MADE STRONG. No matter what your disease or how failed to cure you, consult the reliable specialists of The California Medical and Surgical Institute, 241 South Main St. Los Angeles, Cal.

Consultation FREE. Office hours—9 to 5 and 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 12.

LOS ANGELES INCUBATORS AND BROODERS. Are the best. See them before buying.

POULTRY SUPPLIES—Bone Cutters, Alfalfa Cutters, Shell Grinders, Saws, and all the tools and fixtures for the poultry raiser. Catalogues Free. JOHN D. MERRICK, 117 & 3555 1/2

THE ORIGINAL

Bathing Caps

At C. LAUX CO.'S, 142 S. Spring street.

D. D. WHITNEY & CO.,

TRUNKS and TRAVELING BAGS

Mfg. and Re'p'g. 428 S. Spring

LEGAL

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE county of Los Angeles, State of California.

In the matter of A. W. Berry, an insolvent debtor.

Upon receiving and filing the petition of L. Behrmer, the assignee of said A. W. Berry, an insolvent debtor, praying for an order of court authorizing him to sell so much of the personal property and real estate as is included in the stock of books, stationery, office furnishings, and the furniture and fixtures thereof, now located in the store formerly conducted by said insolvent debtor, at No. 120 South Spring street, in the city of Los Angeles, at private sale;

Now, therefore, it is ordered that Monday, the 29th day of July, 1906, at ten o'clock a.m. be fixed as the time and the courtroom of Department Number Two of this court, in the courthouse in the city of Los Angeles, in said county and state, for the hearing of said petition; and the clerk of this court is directed to give notice thereof by publishing a copy of this order in the Los Angeles Times for ten days, and by serving a copy of this order on the creditors named in the schedule filed by said insolvent debtor, in accordance with law.

Done in open court this 17th day of July, 1906.

LUCIEN SHAW, Judge of the Superior Court.

W. E. Arthur, Esq., Attorney for Assignee.

CHIRARDI'S Chocolate

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

PAINE'S CLEVER COMPOUND MAKES PEOPLE WELL.

The W. H. PERRY Lumber Mfg. Co's

LUMBER YARD and PLANING MILL, Commercial Street

Our Bulletin Board.

Something New Every Day in Prices.

OFF & VAUGHN DRUG CO., Corner Fourth and Spring

FOR PERFECTION in style and workmanship see KORN & KANTROWITZ Tailors and Cutters, 8 & 7th Street 315 W. Second Street

LINES OF TRAVEL.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY—SCHEDULE, JULY 13, 1906.

Leave Los Angeles for San Francisco, San Pedro, and San Diego.

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CITY BRIEFS.
AN EPITAPH.
Alas, that one so young should die!
My trade within the cold grave lies;
When hard times struck this city I
Concluded not to advertise.
—(Fame.)

Mount Lowe Excursion. Chautauqua excursion from Long Beach to Mt. Lowe Friday evening, July 19. Terminal train leaves Long Beach at 4 p.m. and Los Angeles at 5 p.m., connecting at Altadena with the Mt. Lowe Railway. The excursion party returns to Los Angeles and Long Beach Saturday morning. Fine evening attractions. Special excursion rates.

Terminal Island. Los Angeles Terminal Railway Sunday trains leave Los Angeles at 8:30 and 9:05 a.m.; 1:05, 5:15 p.m. Last train leaves the beach at 6:45 p.m. The Venetian Lady Orchestra will play all day at the Pavilion. Best bathing on the Coast. Good meals at reasonable rates at Pavilion. Rowing and sailboats at reasonable rates. Round trip \$1.00.

Chautauqua Assembly at Long Beach. 75 cents round trip, including admission. Take Terminal Railway. Special Saturday, 20th, leaving Pasadena 5:40, Los Angeles 7:00, terminating after the exercises. See programme.

Mr. Samish of San Francisco. The well-known china decorator, has opened his studio at 140 South Main street, and is now prepared to give lessons in the latest styles.

The best fishing is at Long Beach wharf. Take Terminal Railway. Trains leave Los Angeles Sunday at 8:00, 9:05 a.m.; 1:05, 5:15 p.m. Last train leaves the beach at 6:45 p.m.

Santa Monica via Santa Fe. Leave daily at 9 a.m., 1:20 p.m., 5:25 p.m. Saturday special at 7 o'clock. Special leaves the beach returning at 10 o'clock.

Terminal Island. The pavilion and bathhouse are open for the season. Fish dinners, fine bathing, boating and sailing.

Catalina Island—Fast time and close connections. Take Terminal Railway. See time tables in this paper.

Families may buy bread, etc., at the Koster Cafe, 140 South Spring.

Visit Coronado and San Diego. Round trip, \$5, on Saturday, August 3; good to return within thirty days.

Breakfast—Berries and cream, two eggs, rolls and coffee, 25c, Hollenbeck Cafe.

Dr. Parker, dentist, No. 431 1/2 South Spring st. Gold crowns and bridge work.

Dr. P. Hendricks, dentist, has removed to the Byrne Block, room 226.

The Venetian Lady Orchestra at Terminal Island next Sunday.

Dr. Minnie W. Thompson at Dr. Hitchcock, Byrne Block, Tel. 522.

Dr. J. H. Davidson, Byrne blk. Tel. 522. Buy Barden's shoes. Free shoes daily.

Mr. Pleasant Council, Fraternal Aid Association, of Boyle Heights. Will meet this evening in regular session in the A.O.U.W. Hall, Boyle Heights.

Detective Bradish has arrived at Newark, N. J., and is expected to start on his return to Los Angeles, with Giovanni Carrazzi, the murderer of Roy Kenner, today or tomorrow.

The man William Burr, of Ensenh, Tuesday evening engaged in trying to cash forged checks, was not a resident of the Phoenix, but had been investigated thither by the detective.

Fire in a one-story twelve-room brick building at No. 327 Aliso street did about \$250 damage yesterday morning before the blaze was extinguished by the department. The building was unoccupied, and incendiary is suspected.

Charles T. Connell, City Recorder of Tucson, is still in a precarious condition at the Receiving Hospital. His mind appears to be completely unbalanced. The Knights of Pythias, of which he is a member, are looking after his welfare.

H. C. Romer of Downey, brother of Frank Romer, the slain man of the utility, was in the city yesterday. He expressed the hope that the public would not be too ready to condemn his brother before they had heard his defense. Ullery had the reputation of being a dangerous man, and Romer will no doubt plead self-defense.

PERSONALS.

J. B. Millard left for Chicago yesterday.

Capt. C. E. Thom, who is staying at his Santa Monica residence, and has been seriously ill, is showing signs of improvement.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Sidewalk Obstructors Fined—Petty Criminals Sentenced.

In the Police Court yesterday G. S. Fredericks and Herbert Drew were fined \$1 each for obstructing the sidewalk.

Three of the colored crap-players, whose trial has been dragging along for some time—Honcock, Johnson and Thompson—were acquitted. Two of them, Stafford and Jameson, were found guilty and will be sentenced tomorrow.

William McMan was given a sixty days' sentence for petty larceny.

Nellie Swain was given a thirty days' sentence for smoking opium. She will also have to serve the ninety days' "float" given her some time ago for vagrancy, so it will be four months before Nellie can smoke opium again.

J. G. Ellis pleaded guilty to the charge of smoking opium and was fined \$20, which he paid.

Thomas Simpson, a street preacher, was on trial for disturbing the peace. When the testimony was all in, the court took the case under advisement.

He Never Came Back.

The young man who was found in an opium joint with Nellie Swain Monday afternoon by Deputy Constable Bosqui and who gave the name of Frank Cummings when arrested, turns out to have been an impostor. His true name was Frank Ware, but on the supposition that he was Frank Cummings of Boyle Heights he was allowed to go on his own recognizance to get bail, and he never came back. The real Frank Cummings has been greatly annoyed over the use of his name by the culprit.

THE SATURDAY NIGHT TRAIN

To Santa Monica and Redondo Beach has proven very popular. It will continue to run on the Santa Fe during July and August, leaving Los Angeles at 7 p.m., and leaving both places for return at 10 p.m.

CHEAP ALUMINUM COBBS.

During this week we will keep our low prices on cobs. Baker's Aluminum Store, No. 214 South Broadway.

DID YOU SAY YOU WANT A HAT? Now don't all speak at once, but come early and avoid the rush at Mrs. C. Doe's hat store. The sale of hats, shoes, popular goods with music. Postage, 5 cents. THE TIMES.

COUPON.

This will entitle the bearer to one copy of "Mistaken Deeds of Fate," upon presentation at our office and the payment of 5 cents. One hundred and sixty pages of love, choice, popular stories with music. Postage, 5 cents. THE TIMES.

COUPON.

This will entitle the bearer to one copy of "Mistaken Deeds of Fate," upon presentation at our office and the payment of 5 cents. One hundred and sixty pages of love, choice, popular stories with music. Postage, 5 cents. THE TIMES.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Doyle Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CYCLE RACE NEWS.

Bulletin of the League of American Wheelmen.

Chairman George T. Gideon of the national racing board of the League of American Wheelmen in his latest bulletin makes public the following:

Suspended for riding in unsanctioned races: Orlando Adams, Carl Plum, C. H. Halbrecht, John Overton, C. W. Swanson, Charles Howes, Robert Wilson of Pullman, Ill., for thirty days from June 29; Edward G. Smith, John Lufston, D. Helm, Louis H. Hucht, and William M. Winer, Baltimore, Md., for thirty days from July 4. Thomas Drouillard, Erwin Morriss, Arthur Stille, P. Lacy, Bartley Doyle of Wyandotte, Mich., and W. P. Miller, Charles Nodak, Pokoney, Detroit, Mich., and Frederick Hibber, Herby, N. Y., for one year, June 22.

Suspended for riding in unsanctioned races after warning and on Sunday: Joseph Hyman, A. J. Baker, E. G. Henderson, W. H. Gardner, Bud Williams, G. E. Stork, H. C. Jones, J. H. Little, J. B. Barsaloux, L. V. Stevens, J. M. Nixon, J. B. Lackamp, F. G. Heuer, V. Waver, Edw. T. Bridge, P. Bridge, R. Hayes, F. Herman, W. Hoppe, L. J. Winkler, J. Walnwright, G. P. Johannas and O. Hosos of Belleville, Ill., for one year from June 23.

Transferred to class B under clause (6): G. A. Kredler, J. H. Little and J. E. Hyman, St. Louis, Mo.; Herb E. McCrea, Los Angeles, Cal., is transferred to class B under clause (b).

W. G. Corfe, St. Louis; A. B. Abbott, New Orleans; L. A. F. Fendegast, Syracuse, N. Y.; W. L. Ferris, Houston, Mo., and Robert H. Gill, Houston, Tex., under clause (6), class A rules; H. Lund, H. Vogt, F. Wages and James B. Bowler of Chicago, at their own request; W. A. Lutz and E. D. Stevens, Buffalo, N. Y., under clause (b) W. E. Clark, San Jose, Cal., under clause (d).

P. K. Manning, F. M. Dampman, Thornton Buzzard of Philadelphia, Pa.; Ross Gordon, Daniel Pierce of Des Moines, Iowa, and Thomas Thornton of Farragut, Iowa, are hereby declared professionals under clause (a) P. O'Connor of Boston, Mass., is a professional under clause (b).

Suspension placed on E. W. Gott is removed. Charges result of an error on part of race-meet officials, for which he is not to blame.

SANCTIONS GRANTED.

August 10, Philadelphia, Pa.
August 23, Ballston Spa, N. Y.
July 27, Allen Wheelmen, Allentown, Pa.
July 25, Columbia Wheelmen, Oswego, N. Y.
August 8, Columbia Wheelmen, Oswego, N. Y.
August 22, Columbia Wheelmen, Oswego, N. Y.
August 14, Uniontown Athletic Association, Uniontown, Pa.
July 27, Patchogue, N. Y.
July 27, Albany, N. Y.
August 10, Albany, N. Y.
September 4 and 5, Cambridge, N. Y.
July 25, 26 and 27, Tyler, Tex.
August 7 and 8, Salinas, Kan.
September 2, Buffalo Ramblers, Buffalo, N. Y. (postponed from July 27).
July 24, Jackson, Mich.
September 14, National Cycle and Athletic Club, Manhattan Beach (L. I.), N. Y.
July 18 (class A and prof.) Port Jervis, N. Y.
July 20, Olympia Cycle Club, Sellersville, Pa.
August 17, Columbia, North Attleboro, Mass.
September 7, Meriden Wheel Club, Meriden, Conn.
August 30, Waltham, Mass.
July 20, Woonsocket, R. I.

Riders are warned that the L. A. W., through its racing board, has sole jurisdiction over all cycle races in the United States. The erroneous idea prevails among those who are uninformed that the board enforces its rules only against members of the league. All riders in the United States are classified as amateurs of class A or B, or as professionals, in accordance with the league's definitions of such classes, and so soon as a rider enters a competitive event he becomes subject to the supervision of the racing board. Any rider competing in unsanctioned events, amateur or professional, will be promptly suspended from all track racing.

THE ULBRICHT CASE.

The protest of Emil Ulbricht against rulings of referee in the twenty-five mile race at Los Angeles May 18, 1895, has been dismissed. The contest being an invitation race, for which special conditions were formulated and the competitors being advised of such conditions by service of a copy on each, they were bound thereby. The referee's rulings were entirely in harmony therewith and should stand.

Will Get Her Divorce.

NEW YORK, July 17.—There was another hearing today before Referee Jacobs in the suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Ollie Corbett. Miss King, a member of the dramatic company, with which James Corbett traveled, continued her testimony as to the relations between Corbett and the woman Vera. Miss King related instances of display of affection as the company was traveling in the railway cars. In Corning, O., she had seen upon the hotel register the entry: "J. J. Corbett and wife." It was agreed between counsel that the referee's report should be in favor of the plaintiff and that alimony be fixed at \$100 a week. An adjournment until July 20 was taken in order that testimony might be obtained from the West.

Do you know that you are missing the

Greatest Bargains on Earth.

The entire BURGER STOCK now being

Slaughtered at

Auction Daily

At 2 and 7 p.m.

BURGER'S,

FORCED CLOSING-OUT SALE,

235 S. Spring St.,

BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD.

LORDSBURG.

LORDSBURG, July 17.—(Regular Correspondence.) Representatives of the Southern Pacific have commenced buying lots abutting on the streets and alleys over which they expect to run through Lordsburg with their Covina line.

Mrs. T. G. Mills and family left for an outing at Long Beach Tuesday evening.

S. R. McDonough and wife drove up from Redondo Monday and are visiting relatives here in town.

Dr. Amos and wife will leave for Long Beach Thursday morning. The doctor drives through and Mrs. Amos takes the through car on the Santa Fe Catalina Flyer via Manhattan Junction.

Mrs. J. D. Palomares and a party of friends went to Los Angeles on the early Santa Fe train Wednesday morning.

The ranches are still bailing hay around here. Fred Nations and Harry McDonough started the baling on a two-hundred ton lot Wednesday afternoon, which they say they think of holding for higher prices.

Prof. E. A. Miller of Lordsburg College went to Los Angeles on the Santa Fe Flyer Wednesday morning.

Quite a number of citizens are arranging to take the excursion August 3, to San Diego over the Santa Fe.

A Gold Shipment.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Neslage, Colgate & Co., shipped \$100,000 in gold on the steamship St. Louis today.

The Evening Post says of this shipment, the amount of which it places at \$70,000: It was taken from the treasury on assay checks, which means that they put as much gold in the Treasury as they drew out. In banking circles the shipment was regarded to be a pious matter that would not have the slightest effect on the situation although it was generally believed the chief object in making this shipment was to affect the stock market.

Men's Shoes

\$2.50

DID YOU EVER LOOK—you men who have been paying \$4 and upward for your shoes—did you ever look at the shoe I sell for \$2.50?

I think it is the best bargain at the price that I ever saw.

It is shapely, well made, genteel looking, of splendid stock, though somewhat heavier and stronger than the other—a shoe gotten up especially to stand hard usage and lots of it. It will wear a year, with fair treatment, and give satisfaction every minute of the time. And the price is only

\$2.50.

WM. GIBSON,

142-144 N. Spring St.

The Unique Kid-fitting Corset

Is made the right way, the way that will give the wearer the most ease; few corsets are made the right way—Most of 'em are made just to catch the eye. The Unique Kid-fitting Corset is made to

Fit.

See the \$1.00 grade.

THE Unique

LADIES' FURNISHERS.

247 S. Spring St., near Third.

Just think.

Only a few days more left until we begin to inventory our stock, and in those few days we must close out certain lines that we will not book under any circumstances.

These are the lines, So don't overlook a single item.

Summer Silk Sale.

Everything pertaining to silks and low prices to make it the silk-selling event of our Stock-taking sale. Here are a cool half-dozen stupendous bargains in black silks:

PLAIN JAPANS.

21-inch HABUTAI 20c yard.

Worth and never sold for less than 45c.

STERLING SILK.

27-inch BLACK, 30c yard.

The kind that is used for skirts, but that you pay 50c for elsewhere.

27-inch BLACK

HABUTAI SILK 40c yard.

60c asked the world over.

TAFFETA SILKS 50c yard.

Reduced from 75c and 80c.

FAILLE FRANCAISE

AND SATIN DUCHESSE 60c yard.

An imported line of heavy French dress silks in black, worth \$1 per yard.

SPECIAL TODAY AT 75c yard.

24-inch black broadcloth Gros de Lyons, a most magnificent silk and an exception ally great bargain.

DRAPERY SILKS & SPECIALES.

Silk striped curtains at \$3.50 per pair, reduced from \$5.

Silk covered sofa cushions \$2.50, marked down from \$3.50, and art covered cushions for 90c.

Silkline covered comforters marked down to \$1.50, soft, summery coverings.

DRAPERY SILKS 35c yard.

30 inches wide, most exquisite floral and oriental patterns, specially reduced from 50c per yard.

Soda Water, all flavors, 3c per glass.

Eagleson & Co.'s

Special Sale

Negligee Shirts, Fancy Shirts, Outing Shirts

And Summer

Underwear

112 S. Spring Street,

Opposite the Nadeau Hotel.

B. Gordan THE TAILOR

Pants to order \$5

ALL WORK WARRANTED AND KEPT IN REPAIR ONE YEAR FREE.

Up 104 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Hardware. 10 per cent. Discount.

For 30 days only, commencing Monday, July 15, we will give a discount of 10 per cent. for cash on all self hardware, farming tools, stoves and tinware.

Thomas Bros., 220 South Spring St.

NADEAU FURNITURE

311-313 S. Main St. HALF PRICE

Stock Taking Sale

Boys' Clothing.

We have a large stock of everything a boy can wear and must close out, as we will not inventory them. We make prices to move them out. Neat Wash Suits for 98c are certainly very low. Boys' Union Cassimere Suits, reefer jackets, pretty designs, for \$1.45 per suit. Blouse Sailor Suits of all wool, gray-mixed and, brown-mixed flannels, worth \$2, you can have for \$1.45. A big lot of Shirt Waists for 17c each; a suit of Summer Underwear for 49c and a dandy Straw Hat for 24c. Lots of other big bargains in this department.

WASH DRESS GOODS.

Our grand semi-annual stock taking clearance. High-class fabrics—odd lots—all go for a song, and the price will sell them.

Here's What You Get

AT 5c PER YARD:

PHOX-CHECK GINGHAMS 5c

DRESS-CHECK GINGHAMS 5c

FANCY SHIRTINGS 5c

INDIGO-BLUE PRINTS 5c

SATINE-FINISH PRINTS 5c

SILVER-GRAY PRINTS 5c

ALL MOST FAVORED WEAVES OF THE SEASON

YOUR CHOICE OF THESE

AT 6-2-3c per yard:

CREPE FINISH NOVELTIES 6-2-3c

CHECK NAINSOOKS 6-2-3c

STRIPED NAINSOOKS 6-2-3c

SEERSUCKER FANCIES 6-2-3c

15 yards for \$1, and every dollar's worth you buy is worth \$1.50 to you.

THREE UNEQUALLED BARGAINS

AT 8-1-3c per yard.

CORDED ORGANDIES 8-1-3c

FANCY JACONETS 8-1-3c

ZEPHYR GINGHAMS 8-1-3c

There are three lines, beauties every one of them. There won't be any left tonight; that's a positive fact, for they are worth at the very least calculation up to 15c per yard.

FRENCH SATENS 20c yard.

Black and white striped, so perfectly finished that they resemble high class silks.

MOUSELINE FRANCAISE 20c yard.

Soft, silky substance, black grounds with flowered designs, very natural and life-like.

DRAGON ORGANDIES 25c yard.

Imported goods that the ladies want wild over; plain black with satin well stripes.

Hot Weather Stuffs.

Showed them no mercy; just overhauled them right and left and marked them down to prices we feel perfectly safe will not leave any in the house for us to inventory.

SURE SELLERS AT 10c per yard.

PONGEES AND CREPES 10c yard.

Seaside summery suitings.

FRENCH PERCALES 10c yard.

Wise women's waist wear.

CRINKLE SEERSUCKERS 10c yard.

Not the ordinary, but the high grade.

LACE-CORD DIMITIES 10c yard.

Hadn't ought to be sold for less than 50c.

JAPONETTES, FANCY, 10c per yard.

Odd and exclusive designs.

Big Bits at One Bit per yd

FIGURED LAWNS 12 1/2c yard.

Fancy French figured black and white lawns, dots and squares, very choice.

LIGHT COLD SATENS 12 1/2c yd.

Endless variety of very handsome patterns.

CHECKED SATENS 12 1/2c yard.

Black and white, pink and white, green and white and brown and white checks; reduced from 25c.

BLACK SATENS 12 1/2c yard.

Small figures and half-line stripes.

These are extraordinary low figures quoted for above lines; we know this and anticipate a big trade. We have employed an extra force of salespeople in this department and will see that you are all served correctly.

A. Hamburger & Sons

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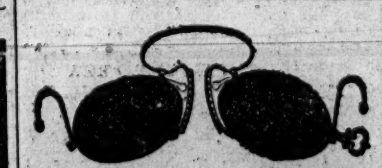
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